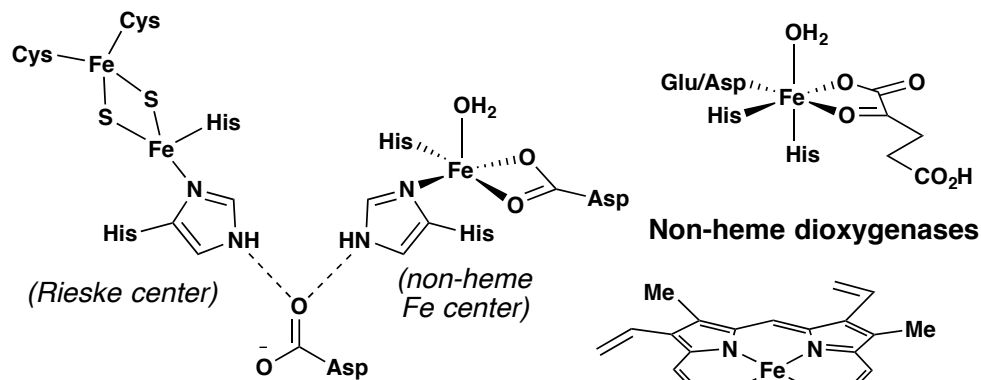


Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

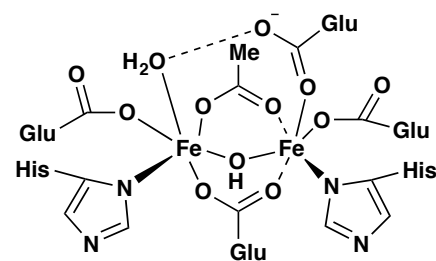
Organometallic
Chemistry

Cofactor diversity of natural metalloenzymes

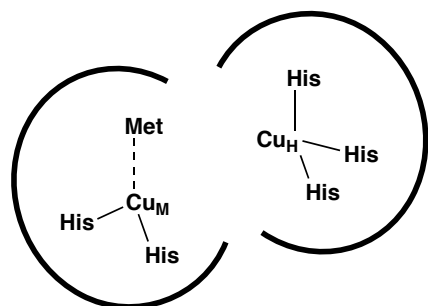
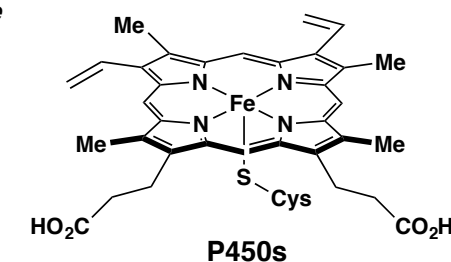
Oxygenases



Riese oxygenases



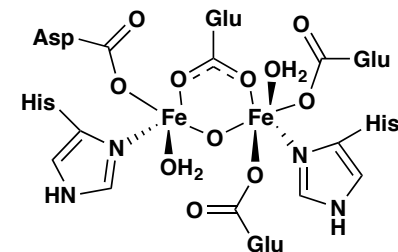
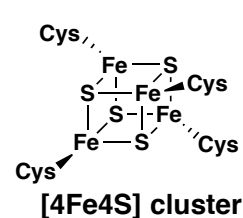
Methane monooxygenases



Definition:

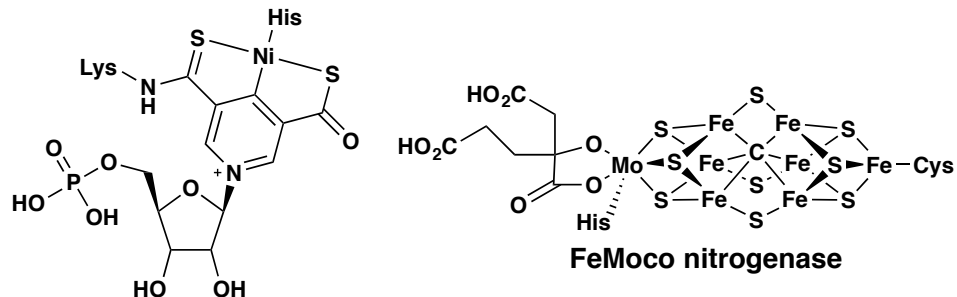
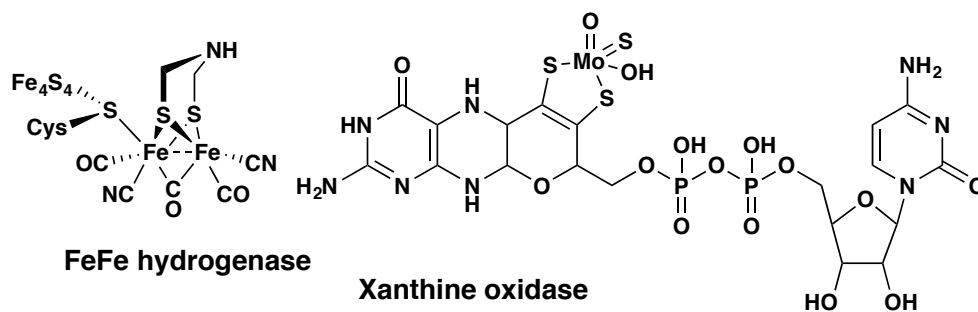
Monooxygenase – only one oxygen atom from O₂ is incorporated into the substrate, the other being reduced to H₂O

Dioxygenase – both oxygen atoms are incorporated into the substrate(s)



Ribonucleotide reductase

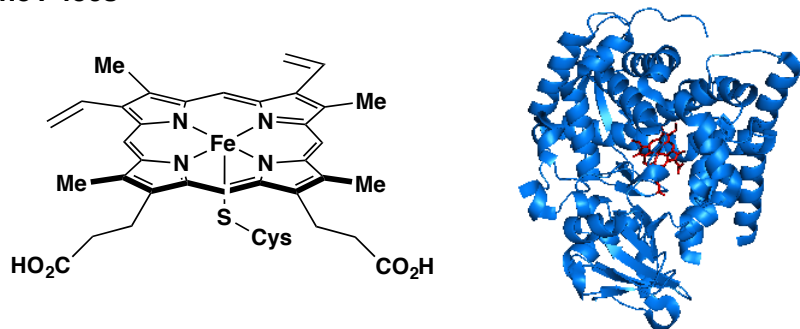
More exotic cofactors



Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

The P450s

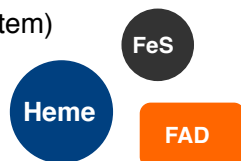


- Presence of heme (protoporphyrin IX) cofactor
- Axial Cys ligation
- Characteristic Soret peak at 450 nm for ferrous-CO complex

Different domain organizations of P450

Trends Biotechnol. **2012**, 30, 26; *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* **2007**, 1770, 330;
Trends Biochem. Sci. **2013**, 38, 140

Class I (three-protein system)



Class II (FAD- and FMN-containing reductase)

As separate proteins:



Fused (e.g. P450-BM3):



Terminology

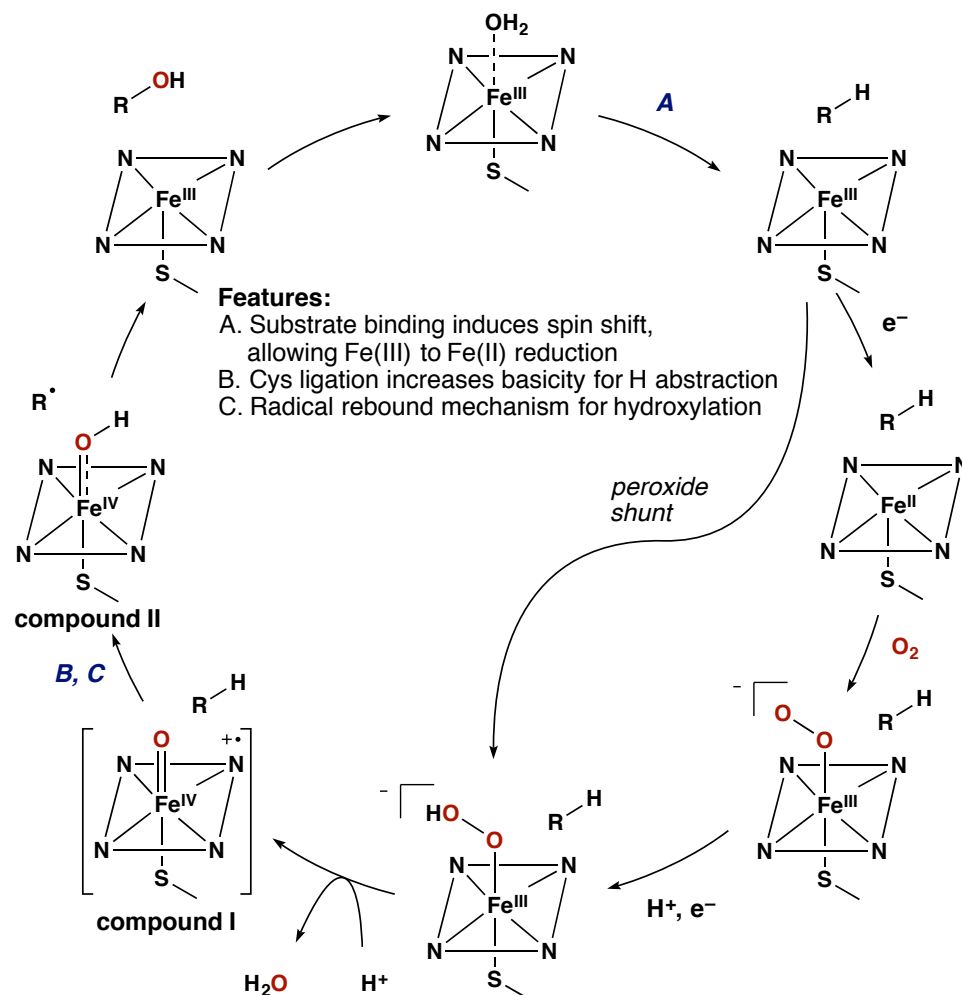
FAD domain: flavin adenine dinucleotide binding domain

FMN domain: flavin mononucleotide binding domain

New electron transfer chain mechanisms have recently been discovered in P450s

Catalytic cycle of P450 hydroxylation

Chem. Rev. **2004**, 104, 3947



Compound I basicity: *Science* **2004**, 304, 1653

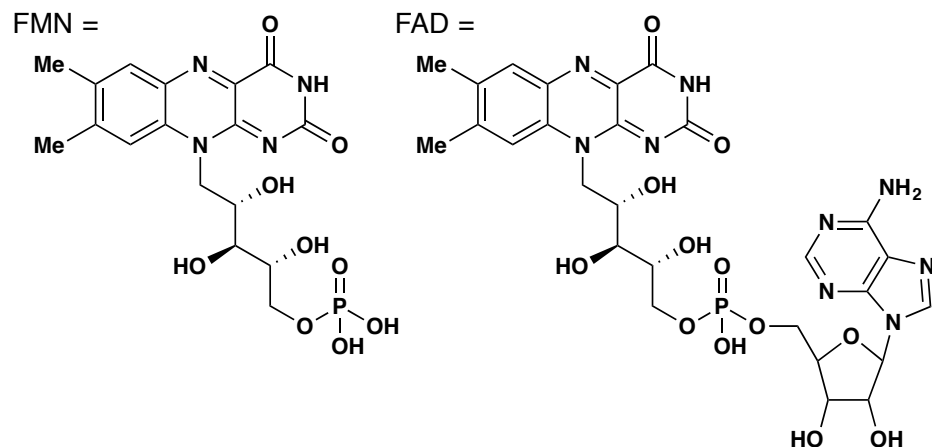
Compound I characterization: *Science* **2010**, 330, 933

Radical rebound overview: *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.* **2004**, 207

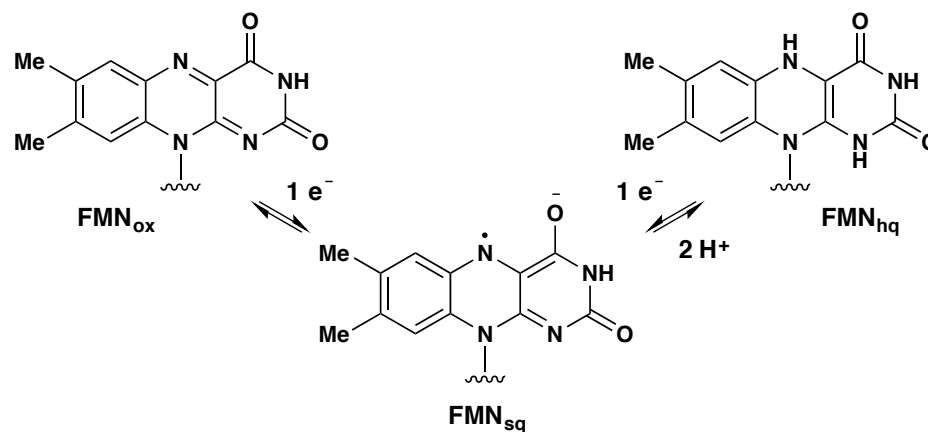
Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

Electron transport chain

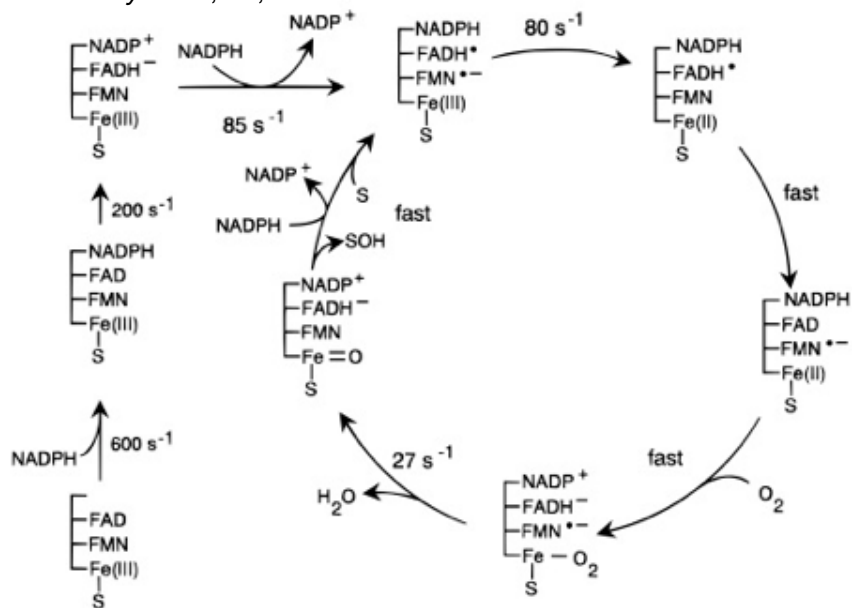


Reduced flavin species

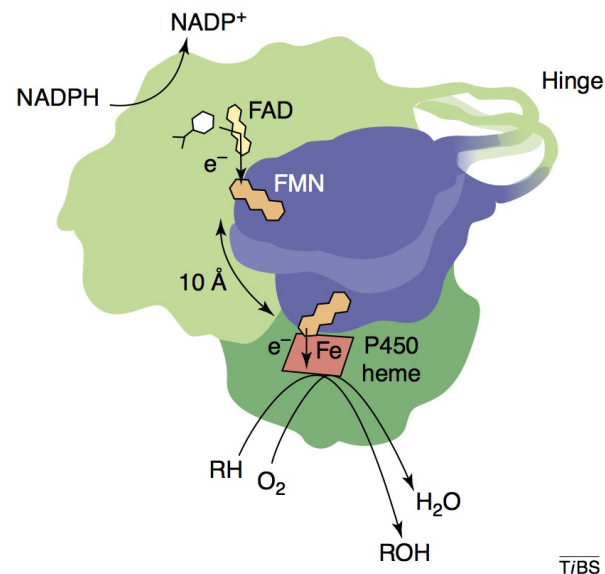


Electron transfer cycle in P450BM3

Biochemistry 1996, 35, 7058



Protein dynamics of electron transfer

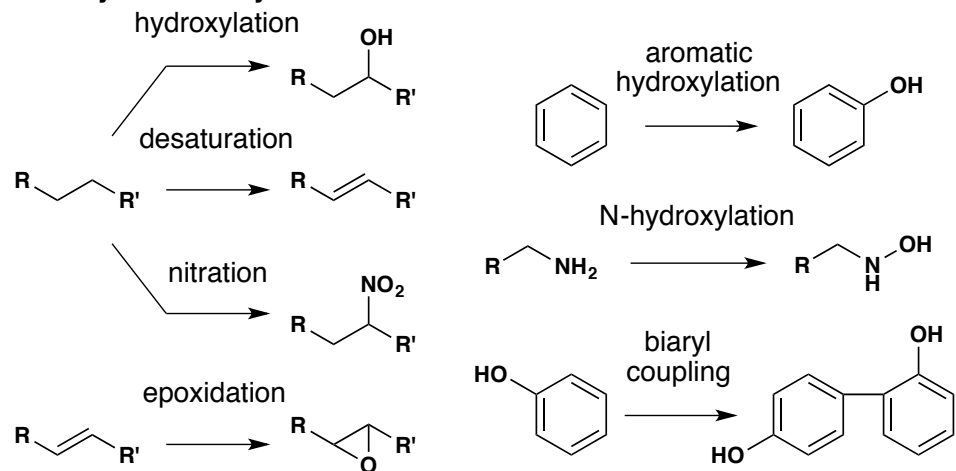


Trends Biochem. Sci. 2002, 27, 250

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

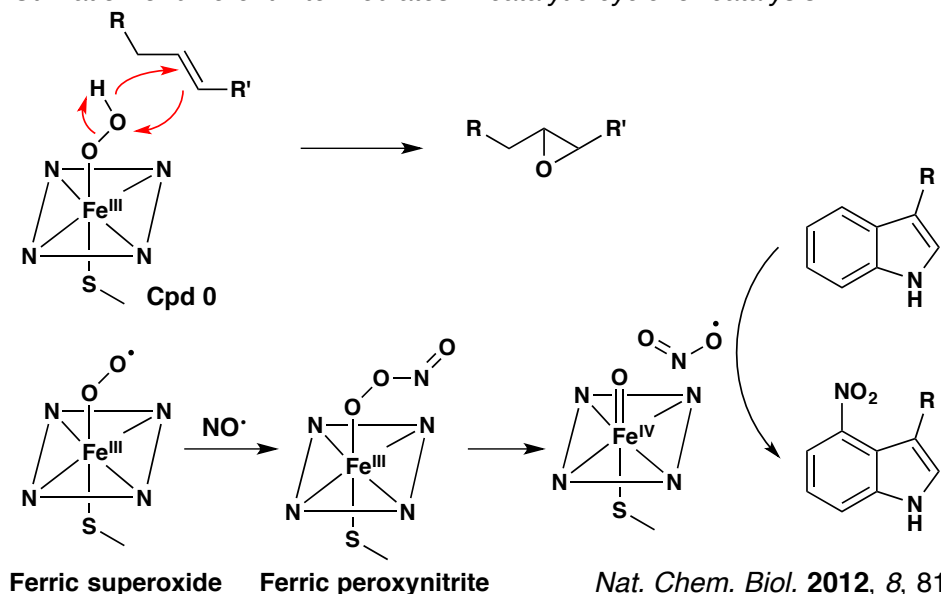
Organometallic
Chemistry

Catalytic diversity of P450s



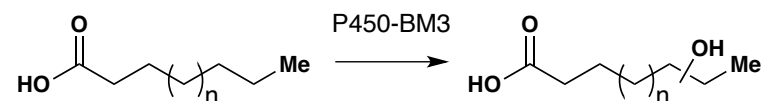
Nat. Prod. Rep. **2012**, 29, 1251
Nat. Prod. Rep. **2017**, 34, 1141

Utilization of different intermediates in catalytic cycle for catalysis



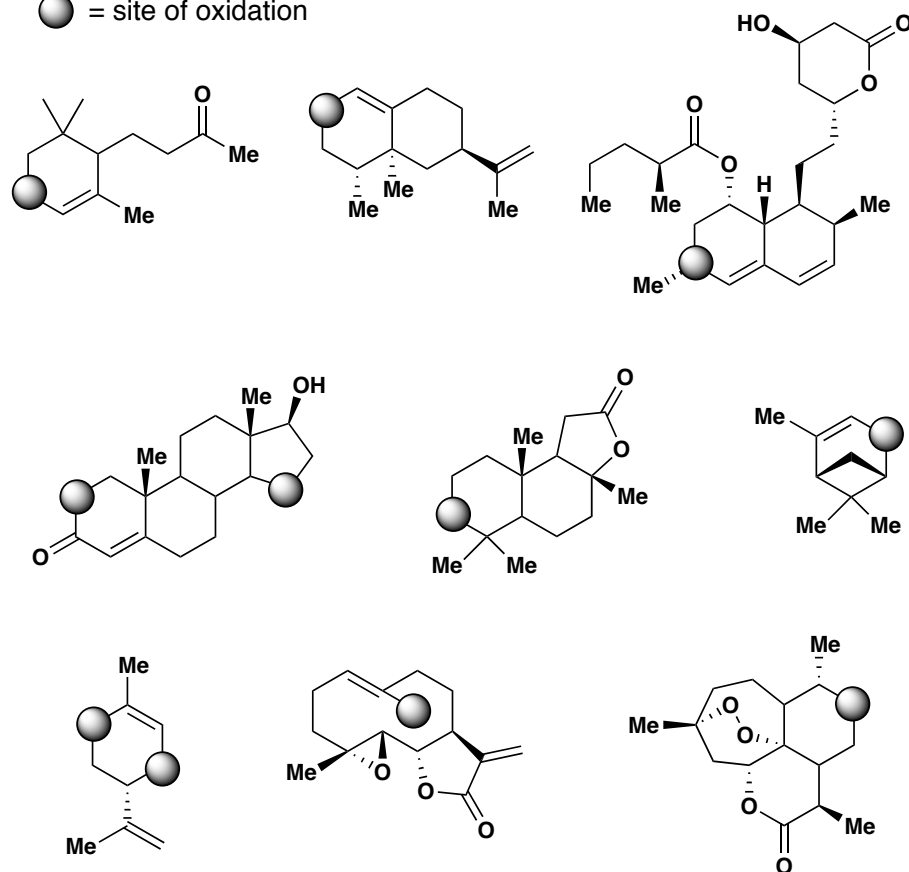
P450-BM3 (CYP102A1)

- Has been extensively studied due to the "fused" nature of the protein
- Native activity: long-chain fatty acid hydroxylase



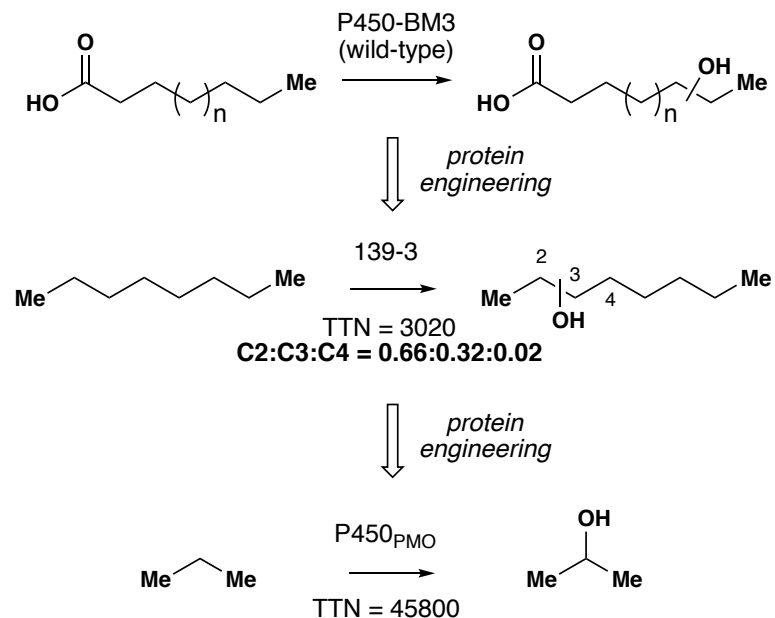
Examples of site-selective hydroxylation by P450-BM3 variants

● = site of oxidation



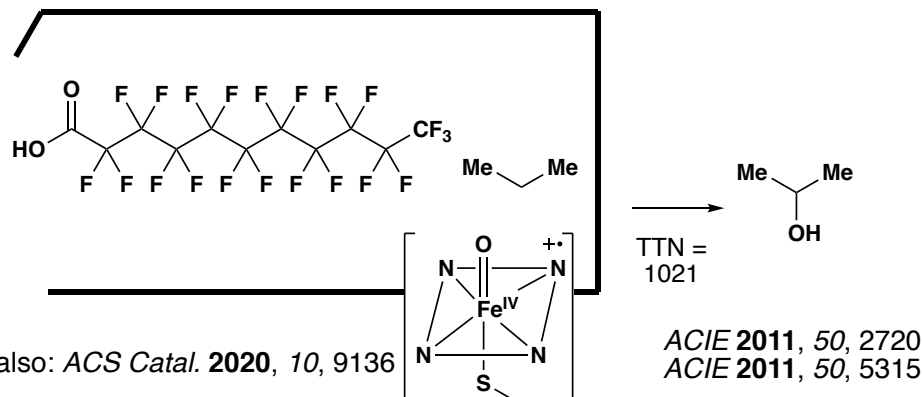
Chem. Soc. Rev. **2012**, 41, 1218

Altering the site-selectivity of BM3 oxidation by enzyme engineering

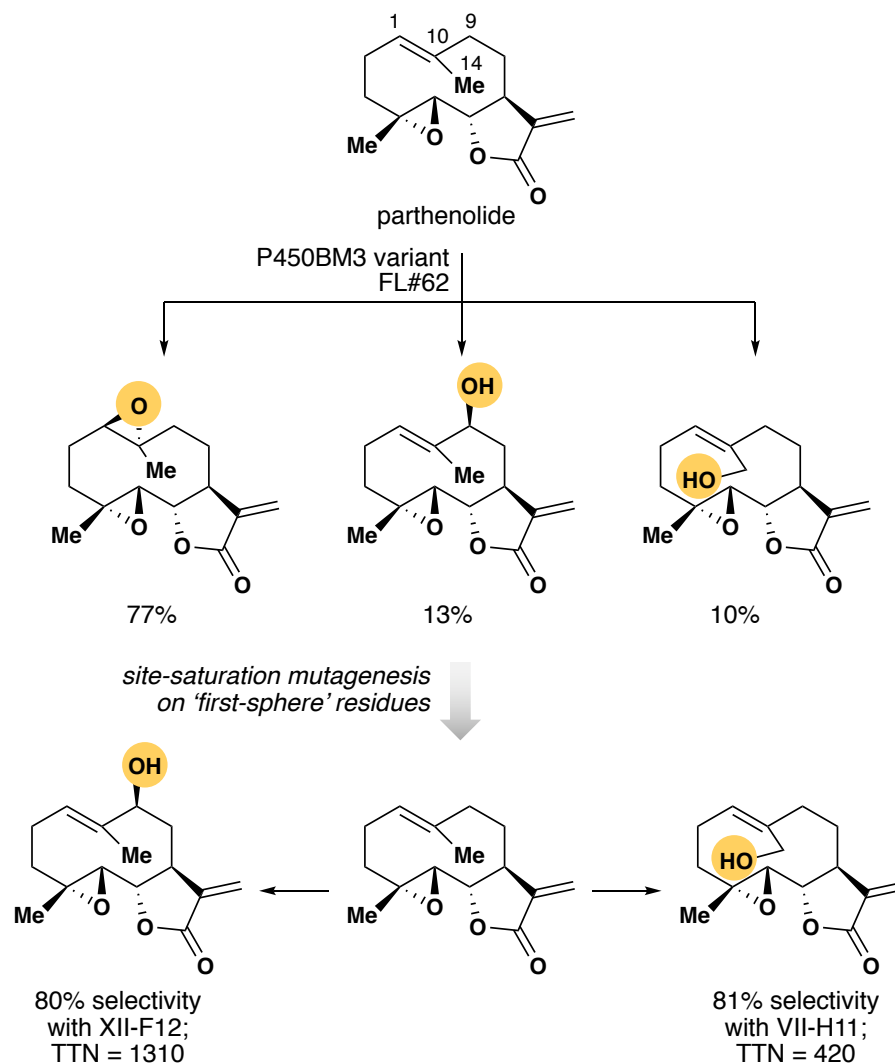


Nature Biotechnol. **2002**, 20, 1135
JACS **2003**, 125, 13442
ACIE **2007**, 46, 8414

Alternative approach for propane oxidation – use of decoy



Application in terpene oxidation



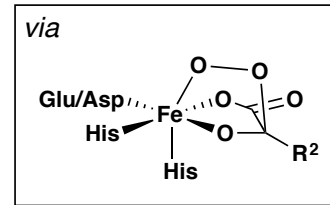
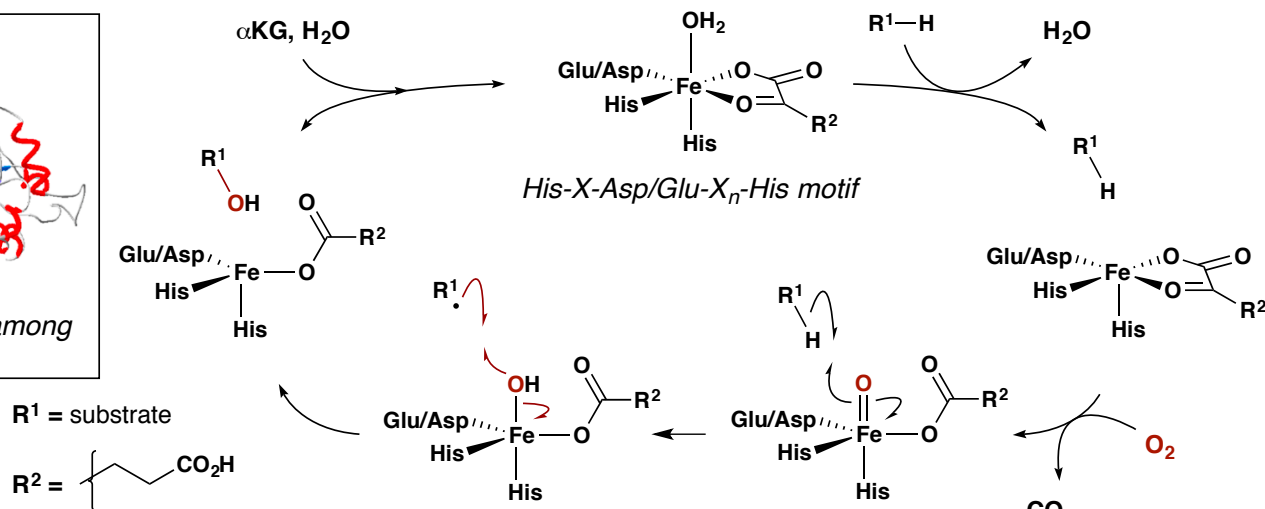
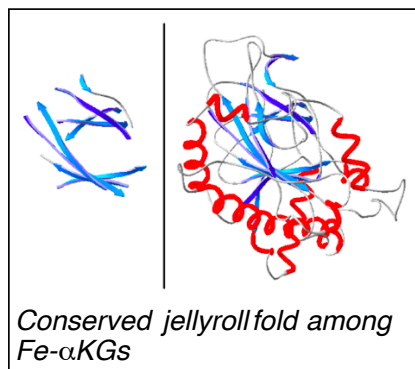
Bioorg. Med. Chem. **2018**, 26, 1365
Bioorg. Med. Chem. **2016**, 24, 3876
ACS Chem. Biol. **2014**, 9, 164

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

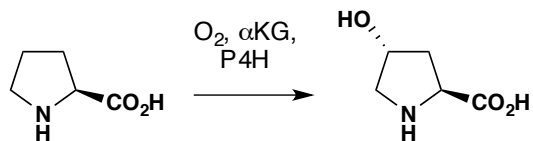
Organometallic
Chemistry

Fe- α ketoglutarate (Fe- α KG) dioxygenase

Crit. Rev. Biochem. Mol. Biol. **2004**, 39, 21

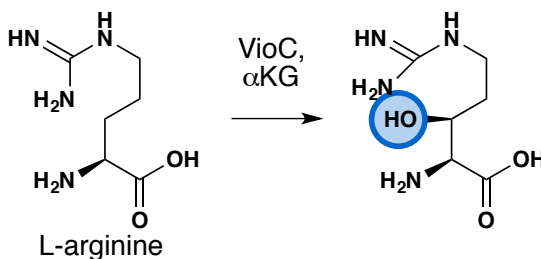


First discovery of Fe- α KG: Prolyl 4-hydroxylase

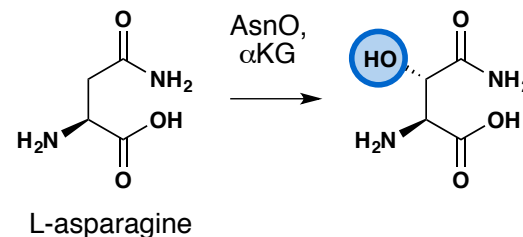


Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. **1966**, 24, 179

Selected reactivity of other α KGs:



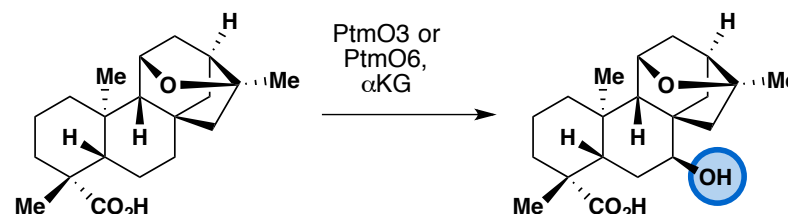
FEBS J. **2009**, 276, 3669



ACS Chem Biol. **2007**, 2, 187



Plant Mol. Biol. **1997**, 34, 935



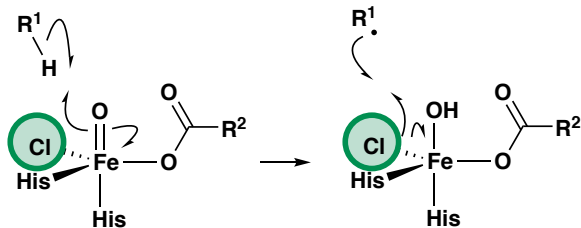
J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2019**, 141, 4043

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

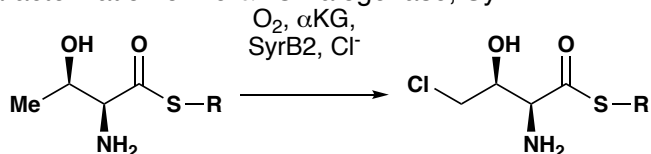
Fe- α KG halogenases

In Fe- α KG halogenases, the carboxylate ligand is replaced by a halide:

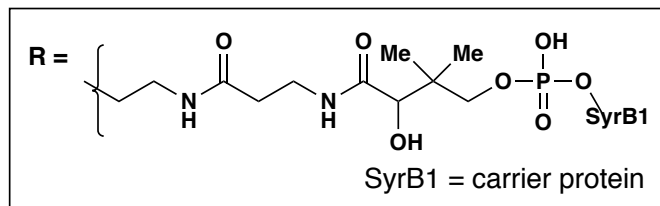


Chem. Rev. **2006**, *106*, 3364

First characterization of Fe- α KG halogenase, SyrB2



Threonine-SyrB1

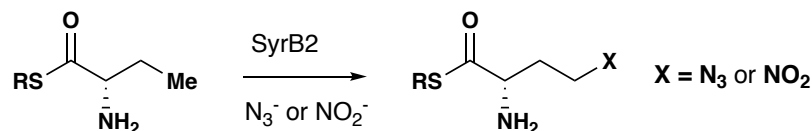


Note: Norvaline-SyrB1 gives primarily hydroxylation *PNAS* **2005**, *102*, 10111
PNAS **2009**, *106*, 17723

For mechanistic studies with EPR: *JACS* **2015**, *137*, 6912

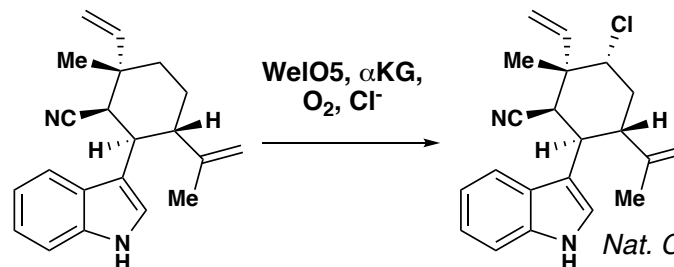
For QM/MM: *ACS Catal.* **2019**, *9*, 4930

Extensive mechanistic study of this enzyme has been performed by Bollinger-Krebs group (PSU). Under stoichiometric conditions, they also observed that SyrB2 can catalyze nitration and azidation:



Nat. Chem Biol. **2014**, *10*, 209

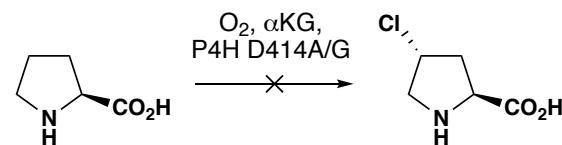
A standalone Fe- α KG halogenase was recently characterized:



Nat. Chem Biol. **2014**, *10*, 921
ACIE **2016**, *55*, 5780

A related enzyme, AmbO5 (79% sequence identity), was characterized and shown to have less-stringent substrate specificity than WelO5. WelO5-AmbO5 fusion showed similar promiscuity but with altered regioselectivities.

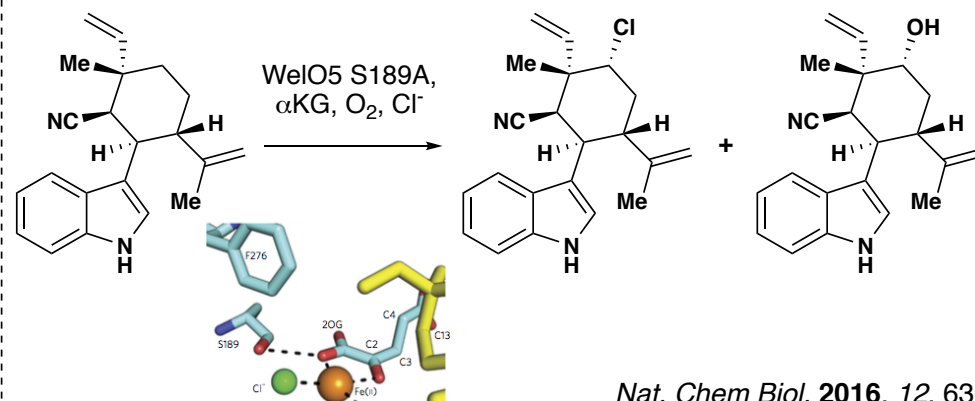
Converting Fe- α KG hydroxylase to a halogenase is not trivial



PLoS ONE **2009**, *4*, e7635

swapping out Glu to non-coordinating residue gave non-functional enzyme

Rational engineering was recently performed on WelO5 based on solved crystal structure:

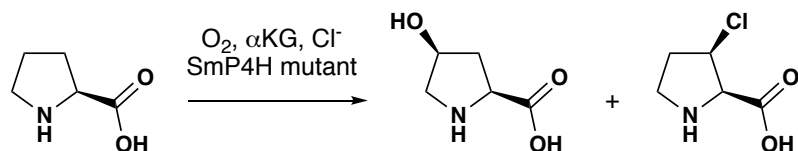


Nat. Chem Biol. **2016**, *12*, 636

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

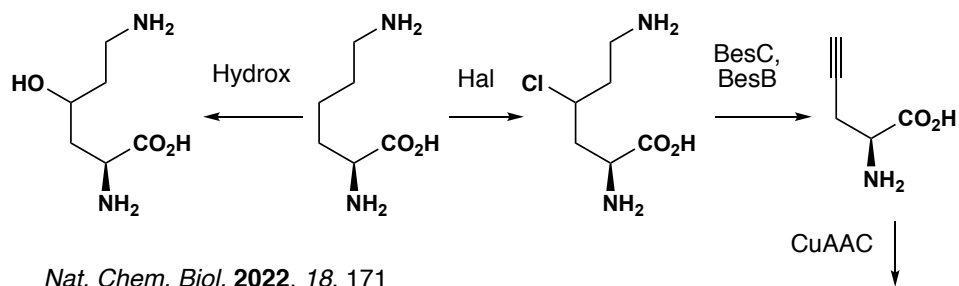
Organometallic
Chemistry

Improving halogenase activity on hydroxylase by engineering



| mutant | hydroxylation:halogenation | k_{cat}/K_m (min^{-1}/M^{-1}) |
|---------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| SmP4H-0 | 24:1 | 0.23 |
| SmP4H-7 | 12:1 | 22 |

ChemBioChem **2021**, 13, 3914

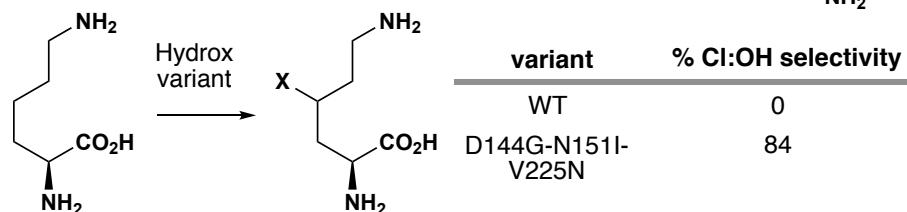


Nat. Chem. Biol. **2022**, 18, 171

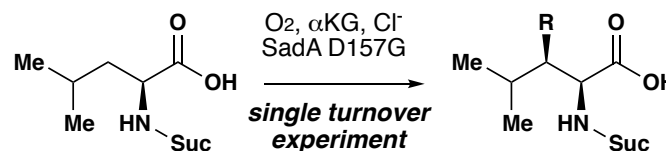
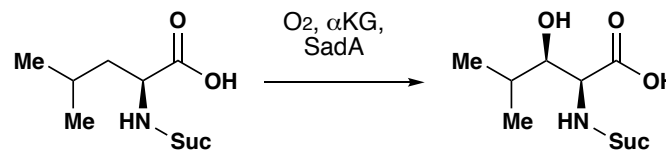
strategy to engineer halogenase activity in Hydrox

shuffle library from Hydrox D144G and Hal → HTS → sequence-function insights → rational engineering of Hydrox

engineering result



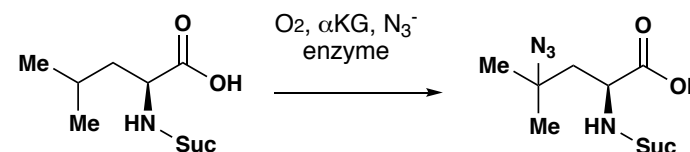
Optimization of C-H azidation on SadA



single turnover
experiment
hydroxylation
predominates

R = OH or Cl

Biochemistry **2017**, 56, 441



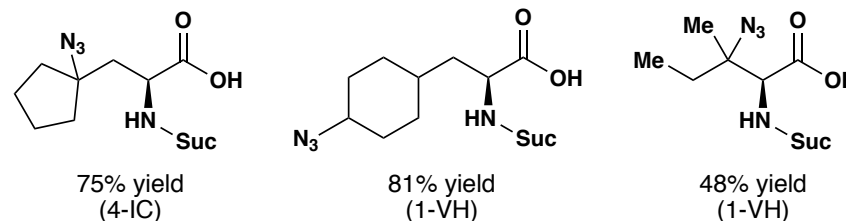
SadX (MBP-SadA D157G)
14% yield



4-IC
91% yield

4-IC = SadX V38I R48C
I71V I138V F152L
R172H Q233L F261L

representative product scope

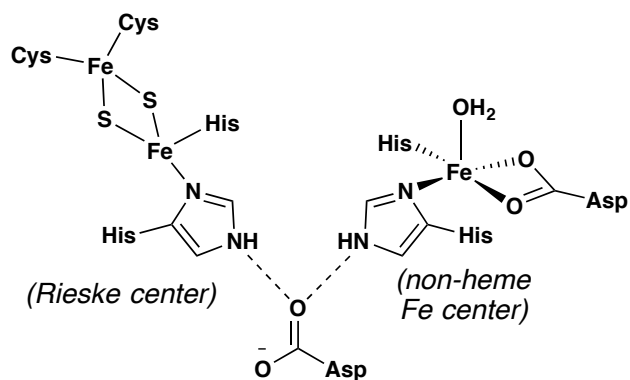


ACIE **2023**, e202301370

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

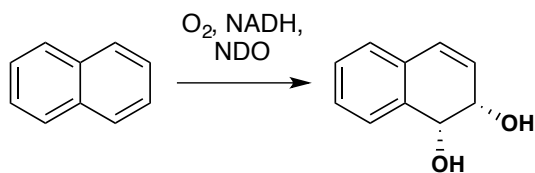
Organometallic
Chemistry

Rieske Dioxygenases



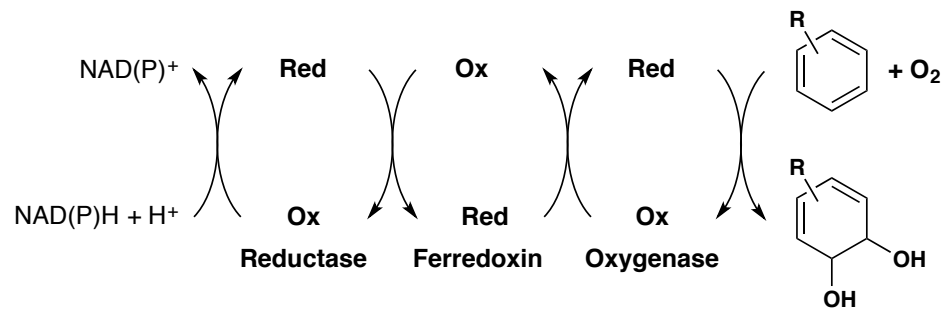
ACS Catal. 2013, 3, 2362

- First identified in degradation of aromatic compounds by *P. putida*.
- Identified to be three-component system naphthalene and toluene dioxygenase

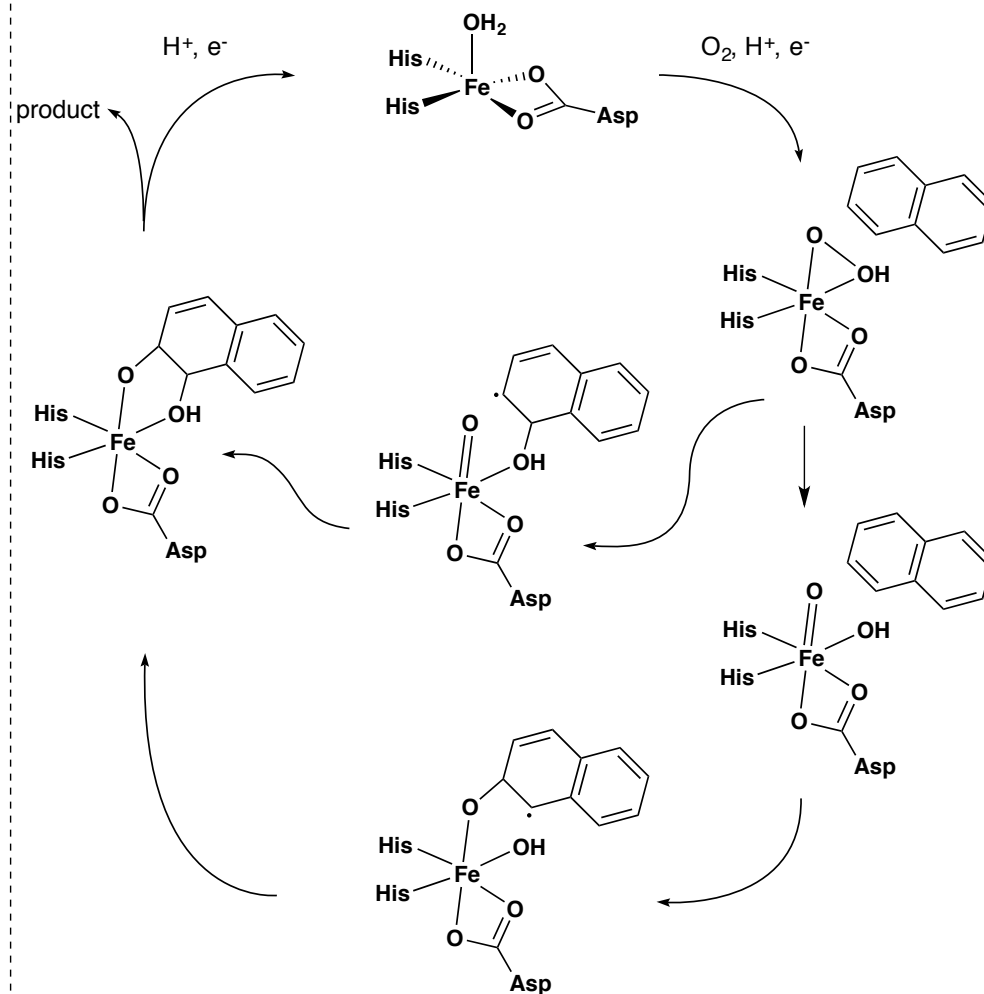


J. Bacteriol. 1982, 149, 948
J. Bacteriol. 1983, 155, 505

- Components: flavin-dependent reductase, ferredoxin, and terminal oxygenase



Postulated mechanism for arene dihydroxylation



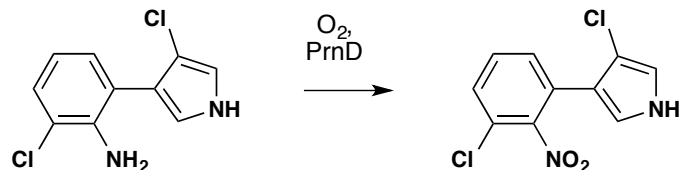
Challenges in studying Rieske oxygenases:

- Multi-component system
- Oxygen-sensitive nature of [2Fe-2S] cluster
- Lack of chromophore for spectroscopic studies (cf. P450)

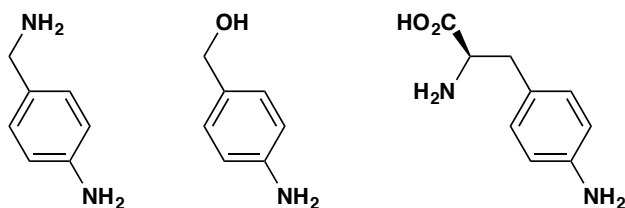
Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

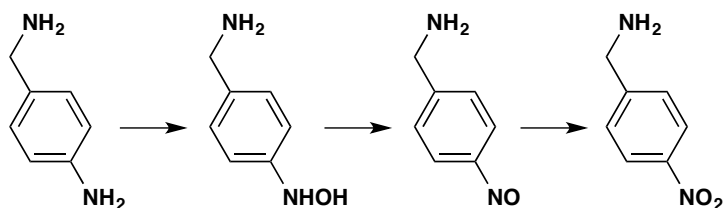
Pyrrolnitrin biosynthesis



Other reported substrates (*J. Biol. Chem.* **2005**, 280, 36719)

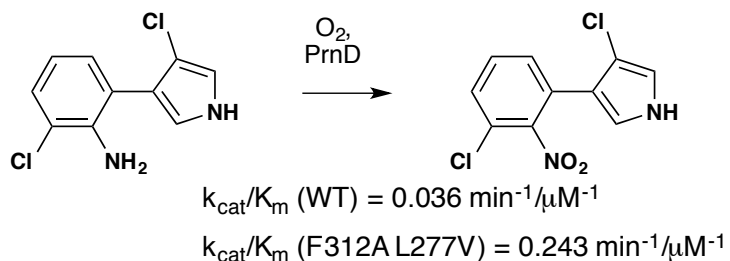


Mechanistic studies indicated presence of various intermediates



ACIE **2006**, 45, 622

Engineering based on molecular modeling was shown to improve the catalytic efficiency of the enzyme (*J. Bacteriol.* **2006**, 188, 6179)

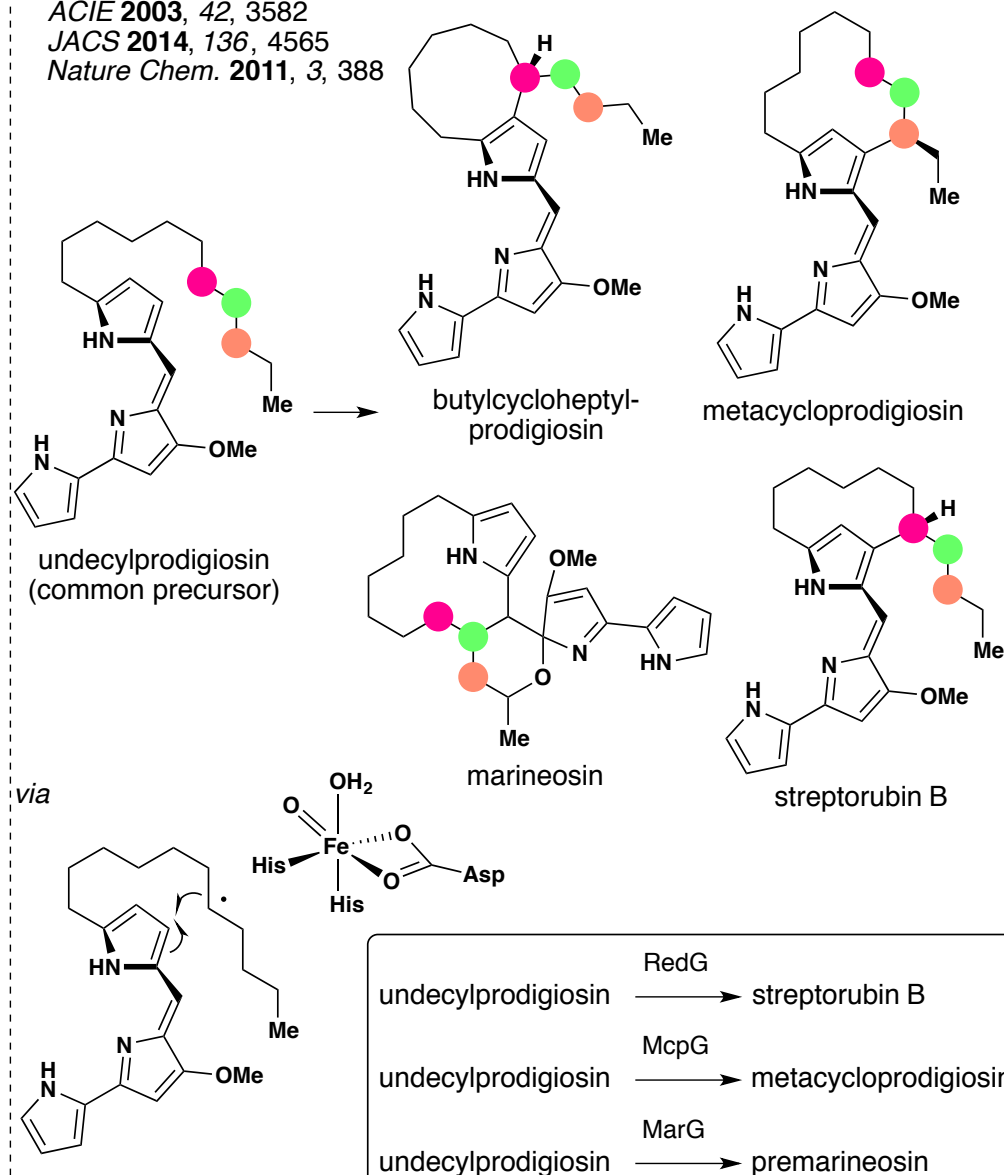


Prodigiosin biosynthesis

ACIE **2003**, 42, 3582

JACS **2014**, 136, 4565

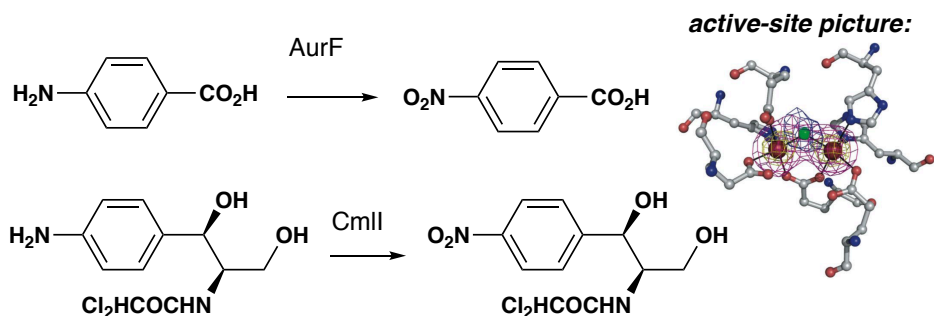
Nature Chem. **2011**, 3, 388



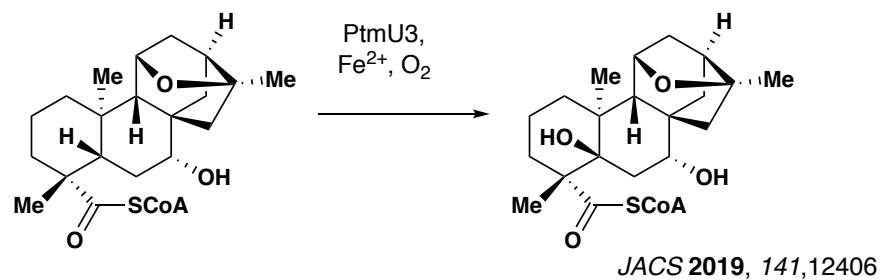
Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

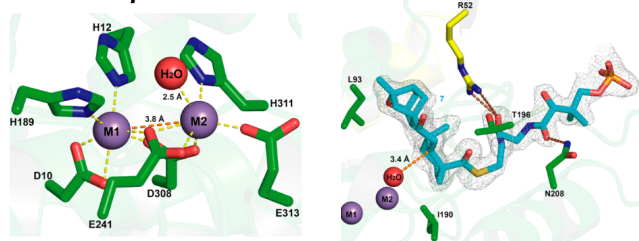
Nonheme diiron monooxygenase in oxidation chemistry



JACS **2004**, 126, 3694; *PNAS* **2008**, 105, 6858; *JACS* **2015**, 137, 1608

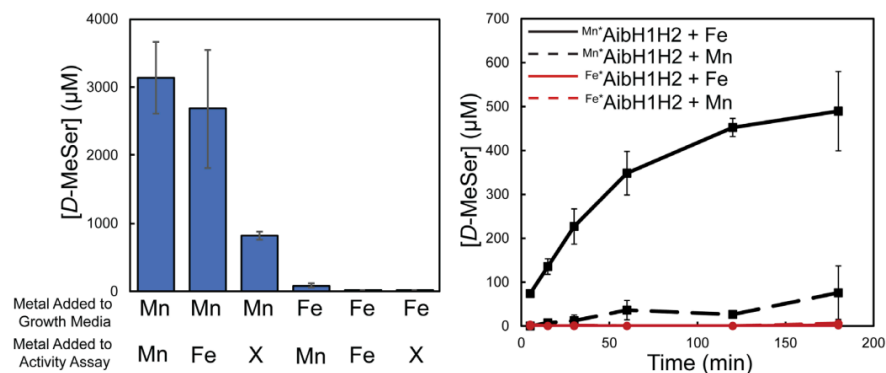
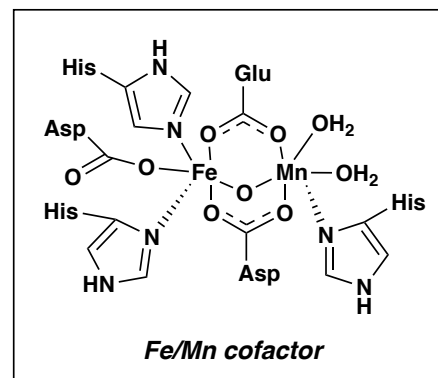
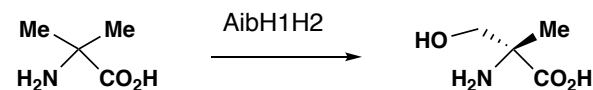


active-site picture:



For mechanistic proposal: *Inorg. Chem.* **2021**, 60, 17783

Beyond Fe....

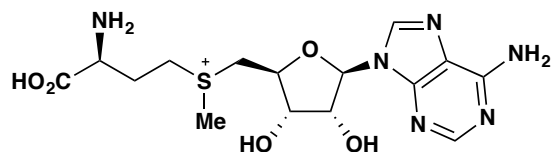


bioRxiv DOI:10.1101/2023.03.10.532131

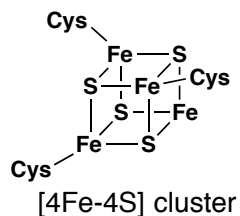
Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Radical SAM enzymes

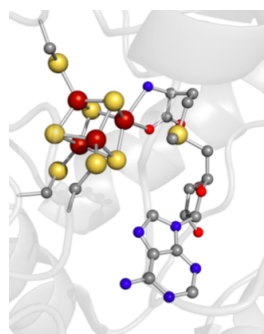
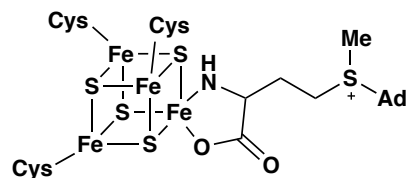
- Cofactor components:



S-Adenosylmethionine

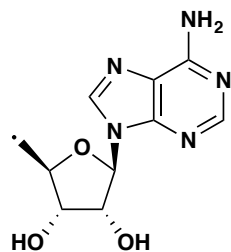
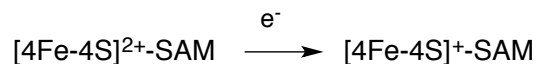


[4Fe-4S] cluster

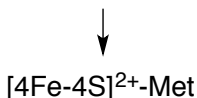


Chem. Rev. 2014, 114, 4229

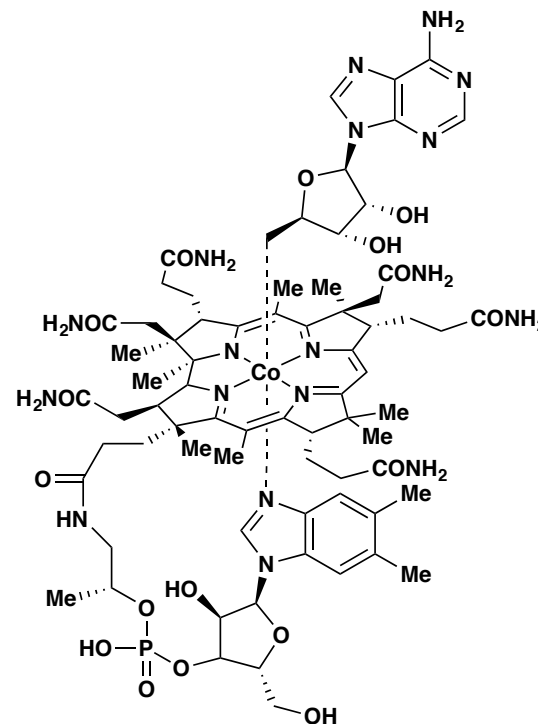
- General mechanism for radical generation



5'-deoxyadenosyl radical



- The same radical intermediate can be generated from adenosylcobalamin (AdoCbl)



Energetic considerations for radical SAM enzyme reduction

- Reduction potential of free SAM ~ -1800 mV
- Reduction potential of [4Fe-4S] ~ -500 to -600 mV
- Radical generation is energetically unfavorable when considered in isolation!

Selectivity considerations in C–S bond cleavage

- Spectroscopic studies suggest direct orbital overlap between Fe-S cluster and sulfonium S; orbital overlap determines which C–S bond is cleaved

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

Examples of radical SAM in action

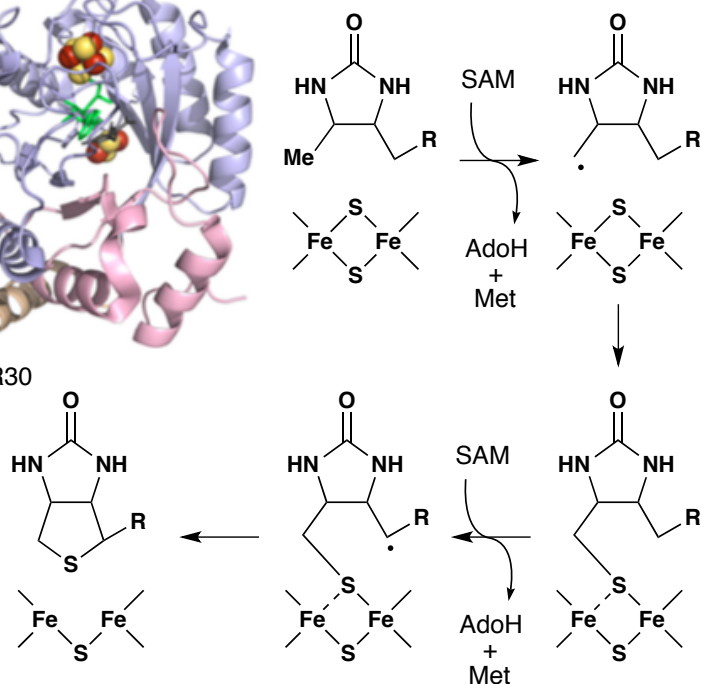
Sulfur insertion – biosynthesis of biotin



- Successful reconstitution showed presence of one [4Fe-4S] and one [2Fe-2S] cluster per enzyme monomer
- [4Fe-4S] was retained during turnover, and [2Fe-2S] degraded
- [2Fe-2S] likely the source of sulfur in biotin

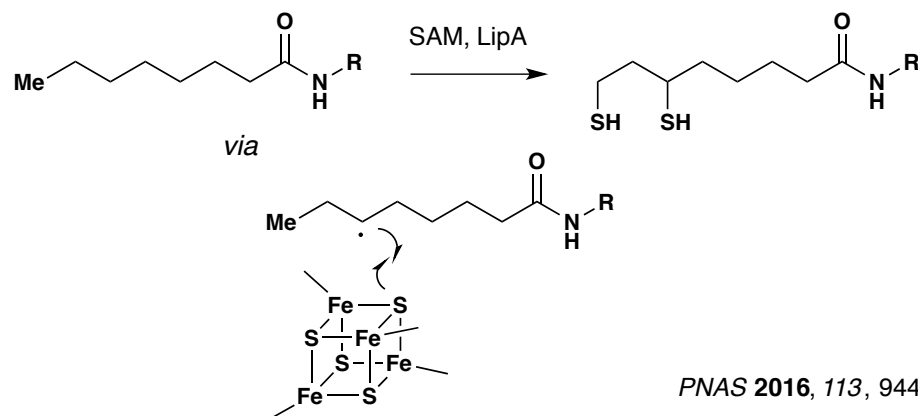


PDB ID 1R30



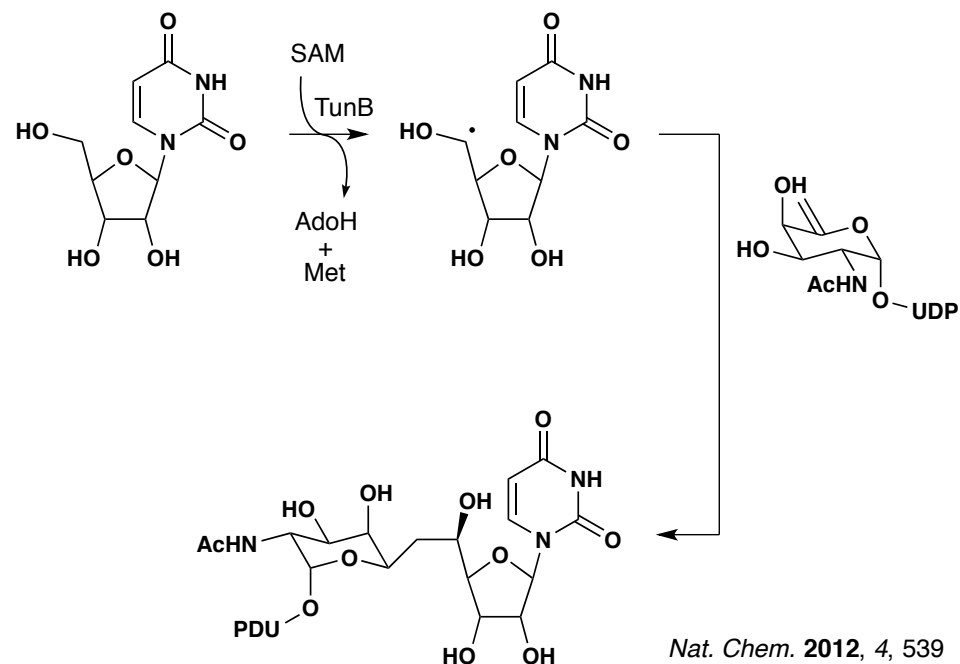
Biochim. Biophys. Acta **2012**, 1824, 1213

Similar reactivity in the biosynthesis of lipoic acid



PNAS **2016**, 113, 9446

C–C coupling in tunicamycin biosynthesis



Nat. Chem. **2012**, 4, 539

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

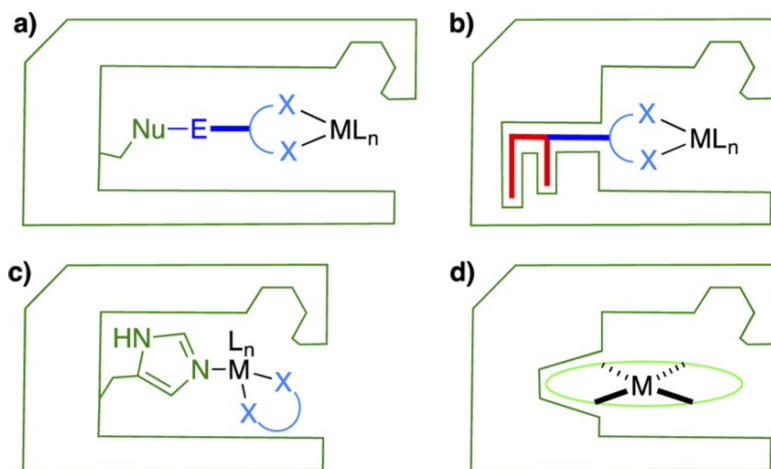
Organometallic
Chemistry

Artificial metalloenzymes (ArMs)

Definition:

An ArM is an unnatural enzyme derived from insertion of a catalytically competent metal cofactor into a protein scaffold

Current strategies for incorporation:



- a:** via covalent bond (with residues within the scaffold)
- b:** supramolecular anchoring (exploits high affinity of certain scaffolds for particular substrates)
- c:** dative bonding
- d:** metal substitution

Some reviews:

Chem. Rev. **2018**, 118, 142

Acc. Chem. Res. **2019**, 52, issue 3 (special issue on ArMs)

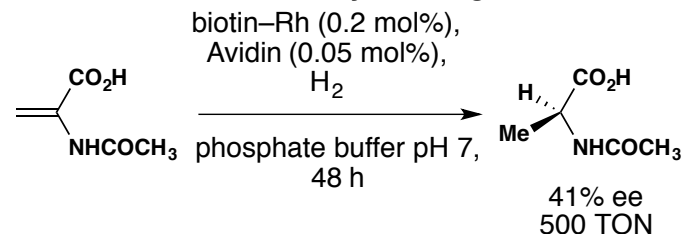
Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol. **2017**, 37, 48

Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol. **2015**, 25, 27

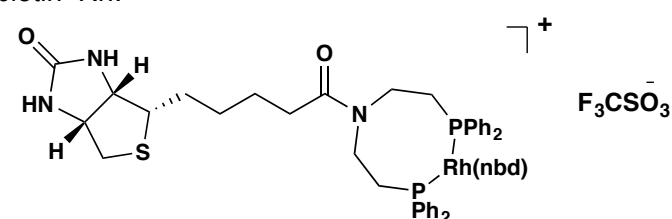
Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol. **2014**, 19, 99

Curr. Opin. Chem. Biol. **2010**, 14, 184

First demonstration of ArM catalysis using avidin/biotin technology

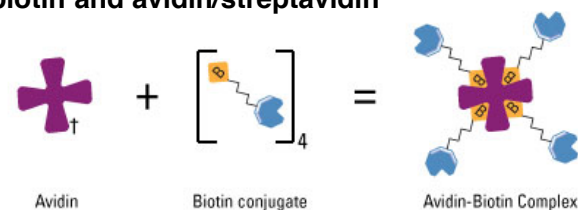


biotin-Rh:

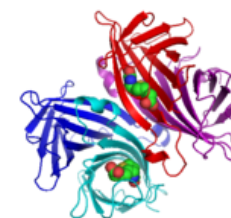
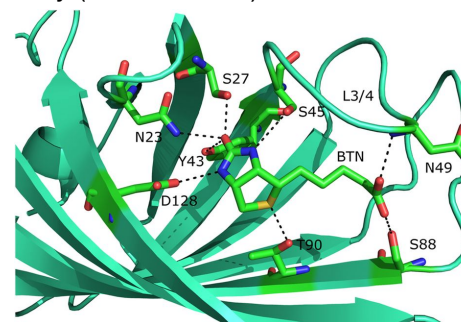


JACS **1978**, 100, 306

Primer on biotin and avidin/streptavidin



Avidin/streptavidin: tetrameric protein capable of binding biotin with high affinity ($K_d \sim 10^{-14}$ M)

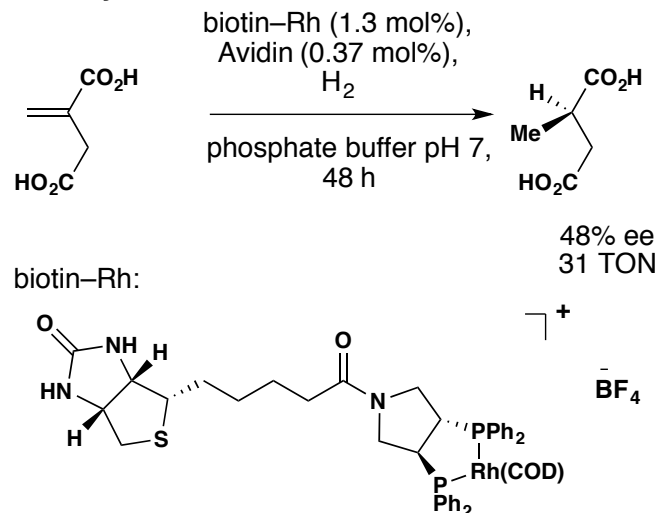


Tetrameric streptavidin with 2 bound biotin molecules

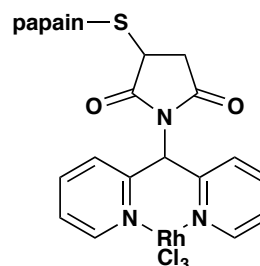
Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

Revisiting of the system in the late 90s...



Reetz's papain system

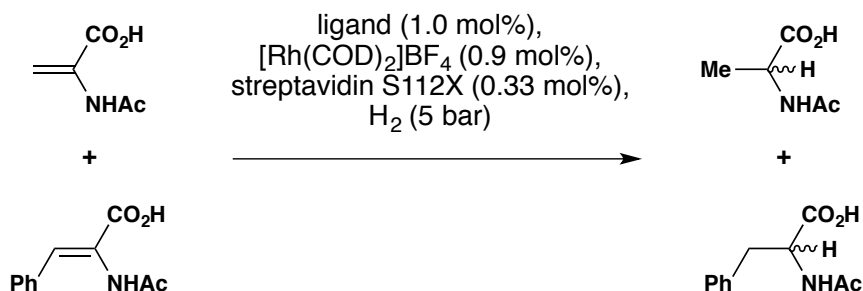


"Preliminary experiments concerning catalysis show that... are hydrogenation catalysts, ... although the ee values turned out to be less than 10%, which is no surprise."

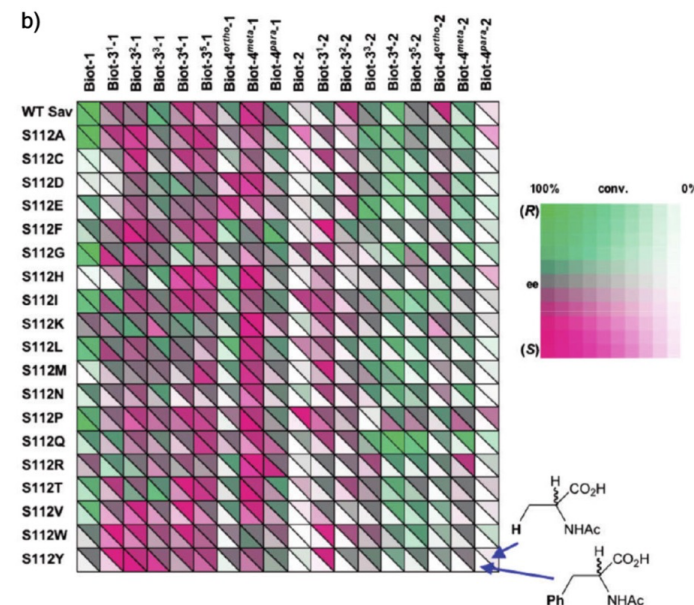
Chimia **2002**, *56*, 721

Tetrahedron: Asymmetry **1999**, *10*, 1887

Systematic study by Ward + protein engineering



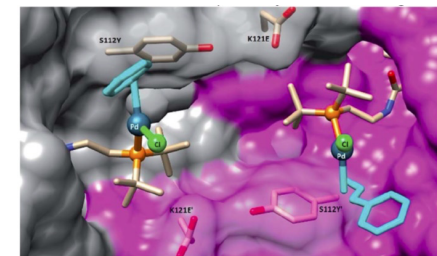
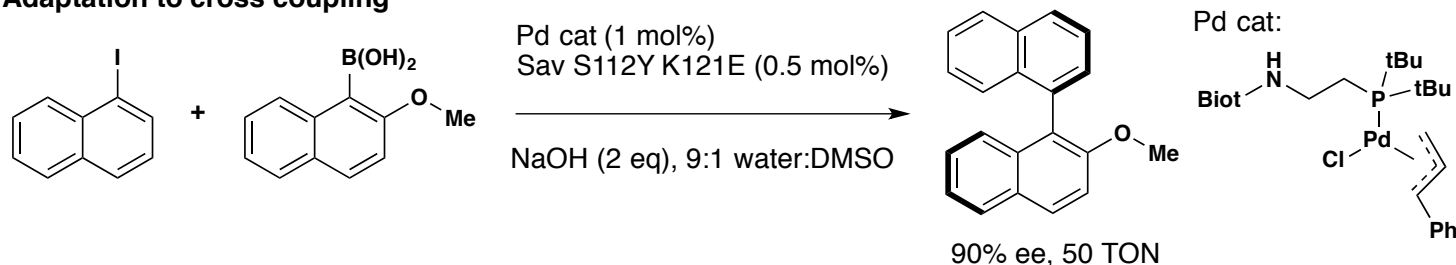
JACS **2003**, *125*, 9030
JACS **2004**, *126*, 14411
ACIE **2005**, *44*, 7764



Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

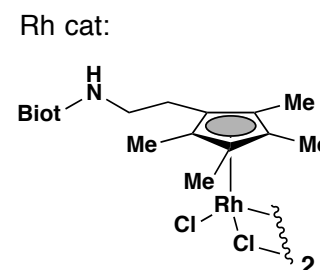
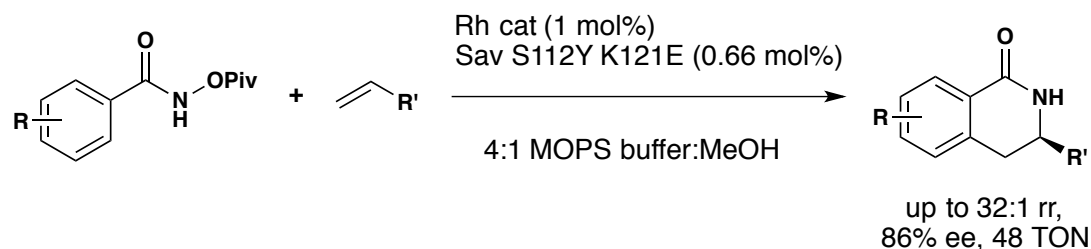
Organometallic
Chemistry

Adaptation to cross coupling



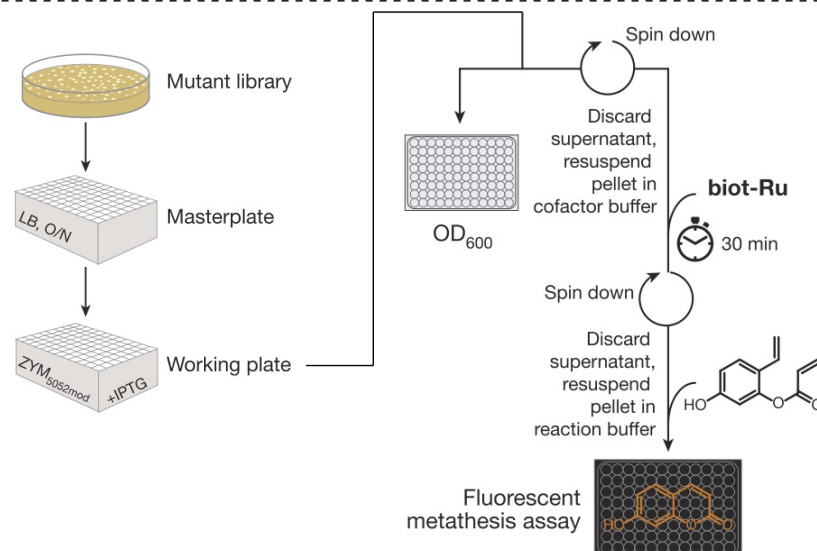
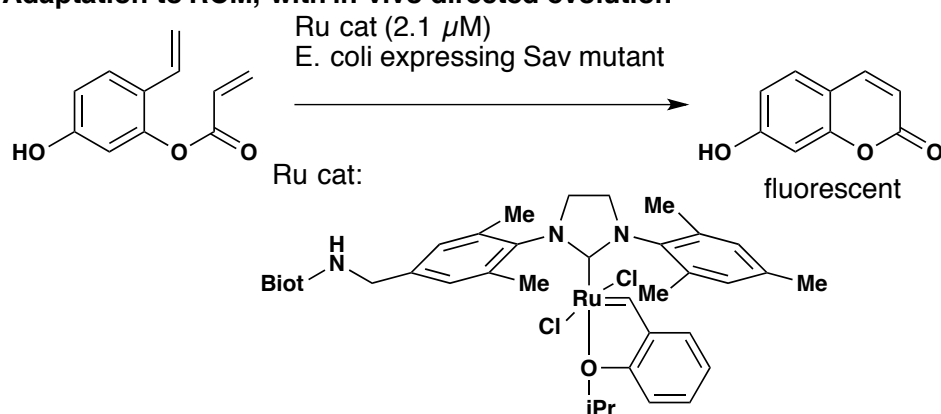
Chem. Sci. 2016, 7, 673

Adaptation to C–H activation



Science 2012, 338, 500

Adaptation to RCM, with in vivo directed evolution



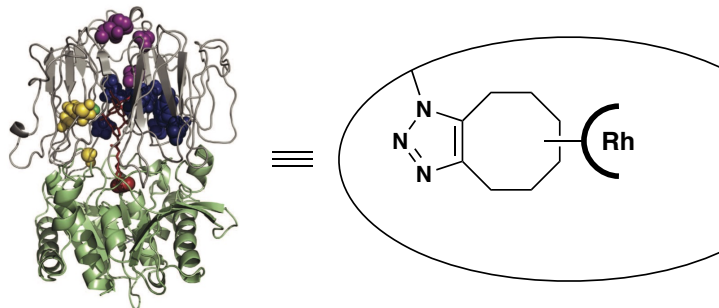
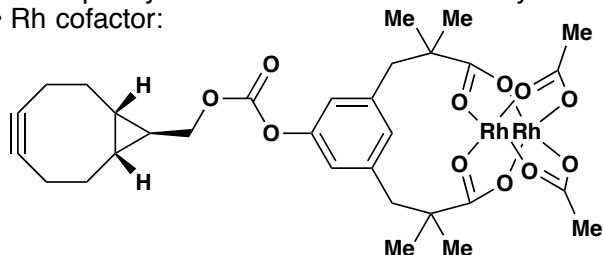
Nature 2016, 537, 661

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

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Prolyl oligopeptidase scaffold for ArM construction (Lewis)

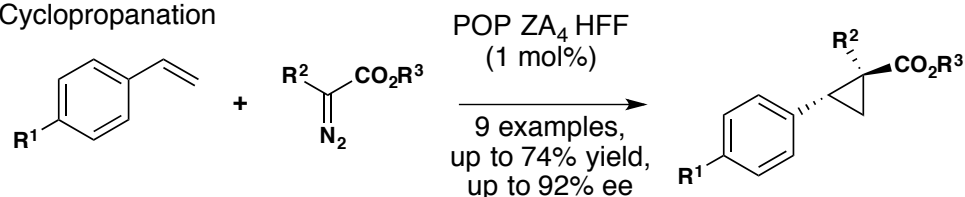
- chosen due to its cylindric shape
- large internal volume for cofactor anchoring
- cofactor anchoring by strain promoted azide alkyne cycloaddition
- Azidophenylalanine residue introduced by amber suppression
- Rh cofactor:



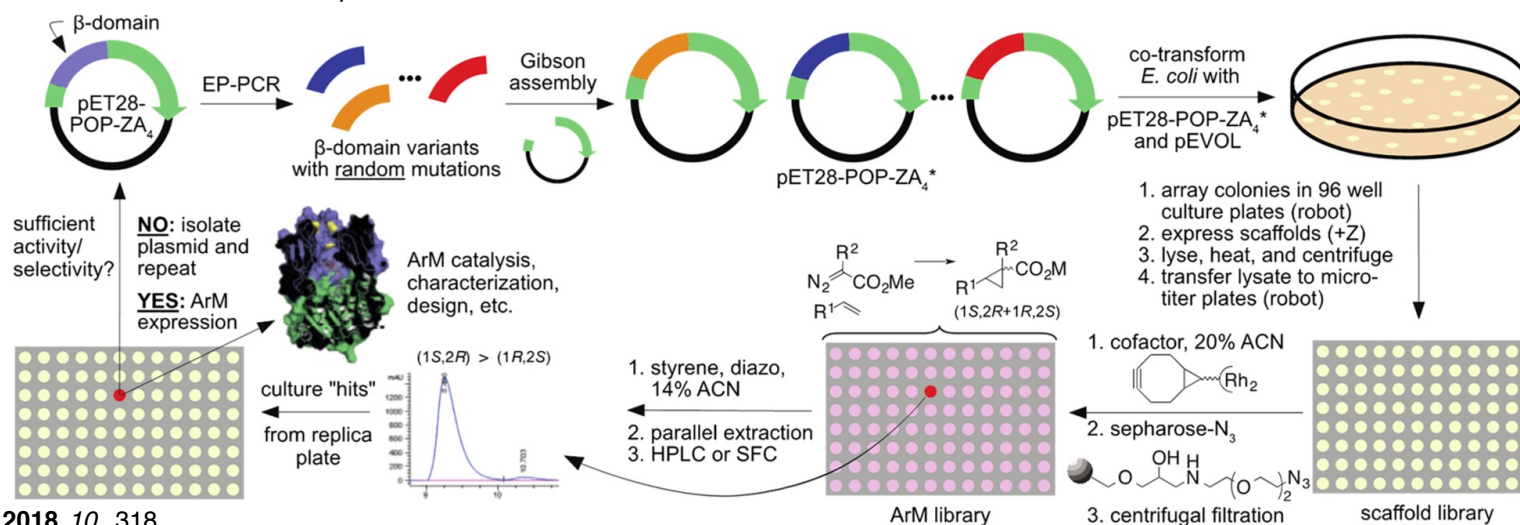
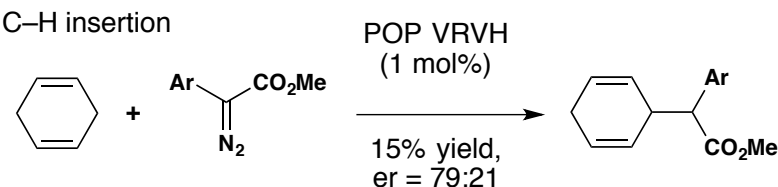
Nature Commun. **2015**, *6*, 7789

Reaction scope

Cyclopropanation



C-H insertion



Nature Chem. **2018**, *10*, 318

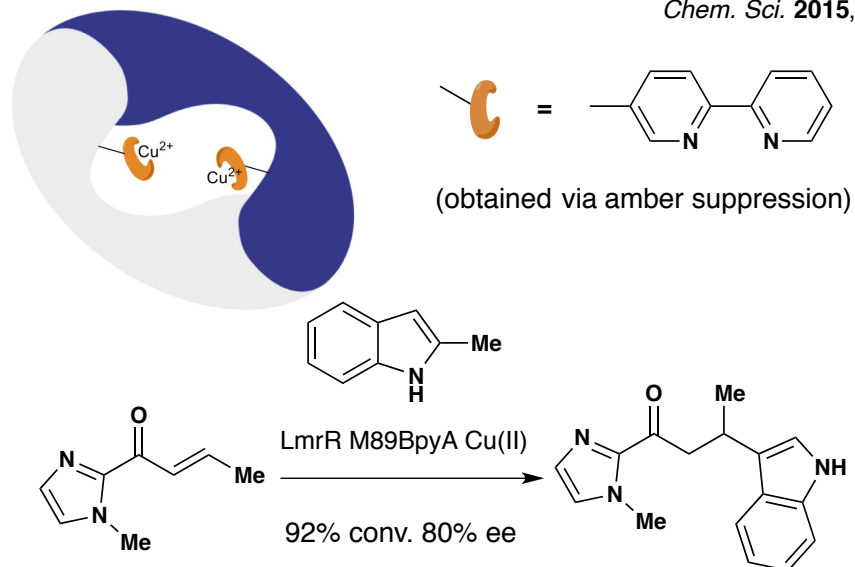
Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
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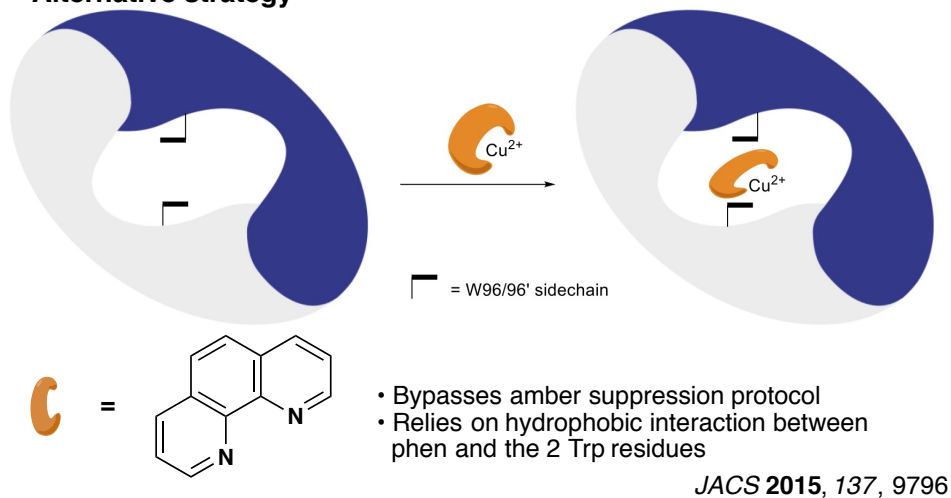
Other protein scaffolds for ArM creation

- LmrR : lactococcal multidrug resistance regulator
- homodimeric protein with a large hydrophobic pore

Chem. Sci. **2015**, 6, 770

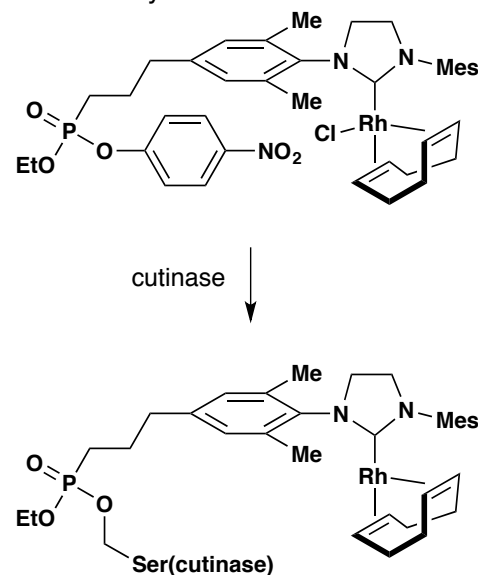


Alternative strategy



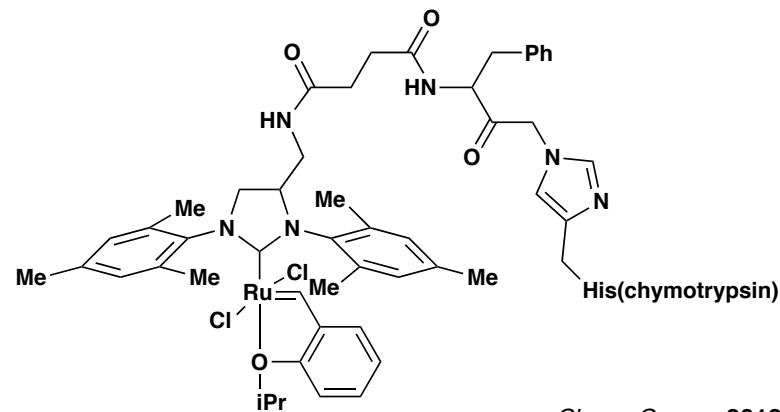
Miscellaneous strategies

- Anchoring onto serine hydrolase



Chem. Comm. **2015**, 51, 6792

- Anchoring onto chymotrypsin

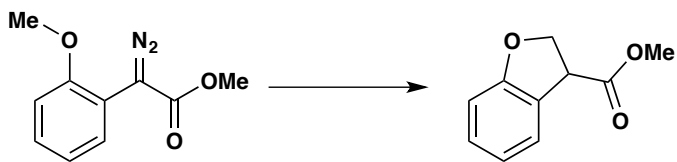
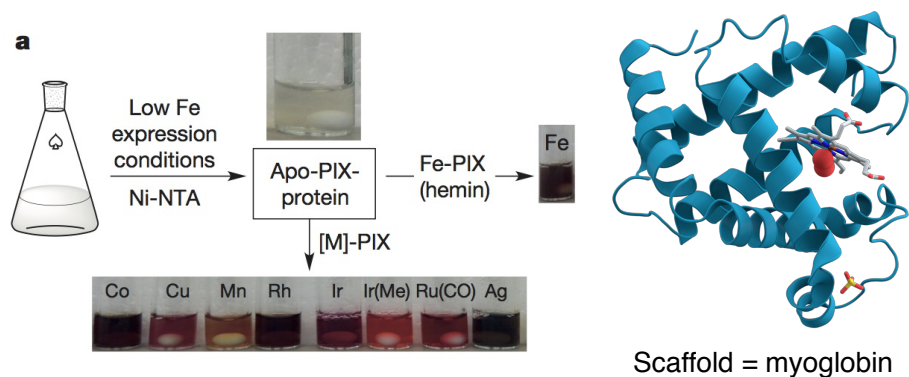


Chem. Comm. **2012**, 48, 1662

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

Organometallic
Chemistry

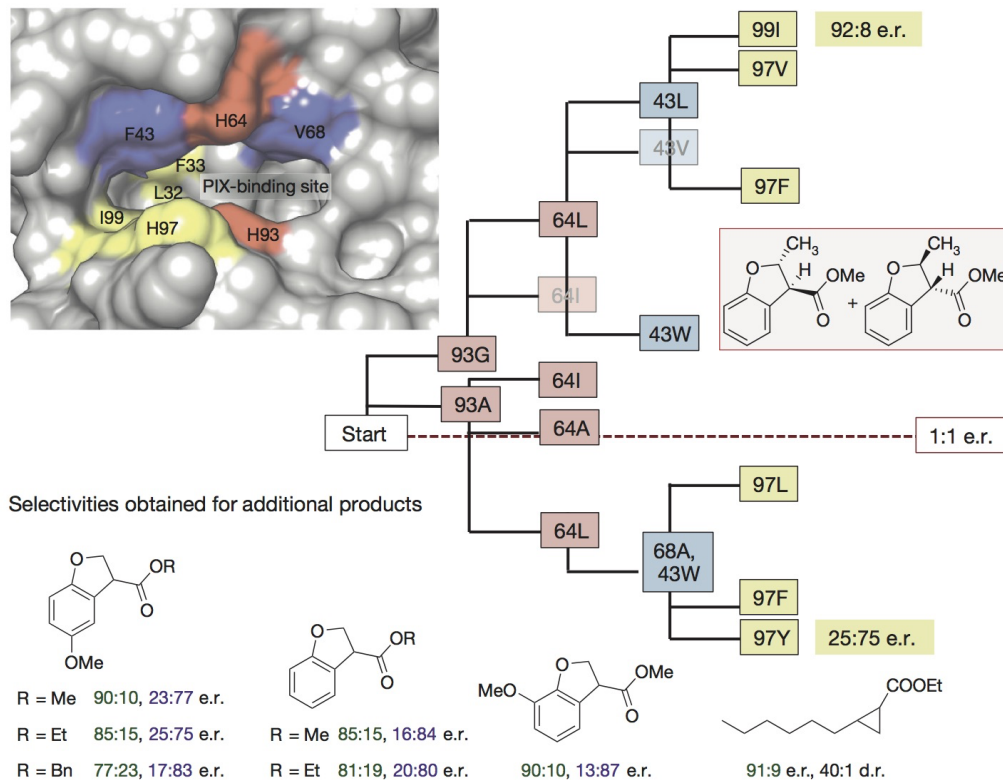
Metal substitution strategy for ArM creation (Hartwig)



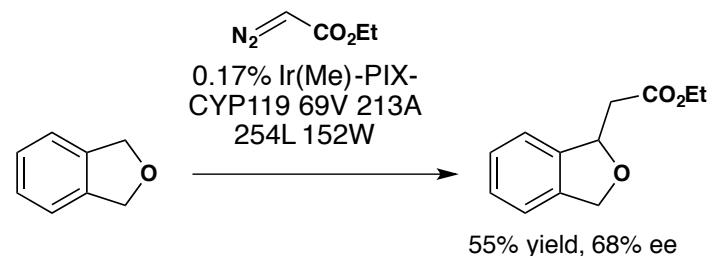
| C-H insertion | 93H | 93C | 93D | 93E | 93M | 93S | 93A | 93G | |
|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| Fe(Cl)-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Co(Cl)-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Cu-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Mn(Cl)-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Rh-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Ir(Cl)-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Ir(Me)-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Ru(CO)-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| Ag-PIX | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | TON |
| | | | | | | | | | <4 |
| | | | | | | | | | 4-10 |
| | | | | | | | | | 11-30 |
| | | | | | | | | | 31-60 |
| | | | | | | | | | >60 |

Nature 2016, 534, 534

Tuning selectivity by mutagenesis



Improvement of kinetics and reaction scope by using different scaffold



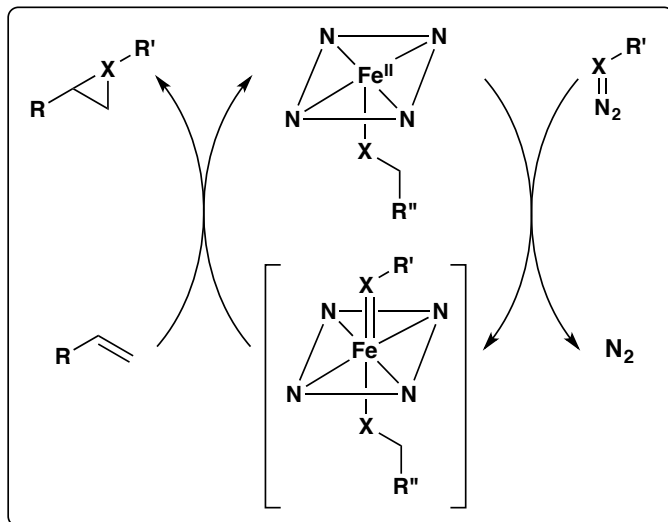
CYP119 = thermostable P450 from *S. solfataricus*

Science 2016, 354, 102

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

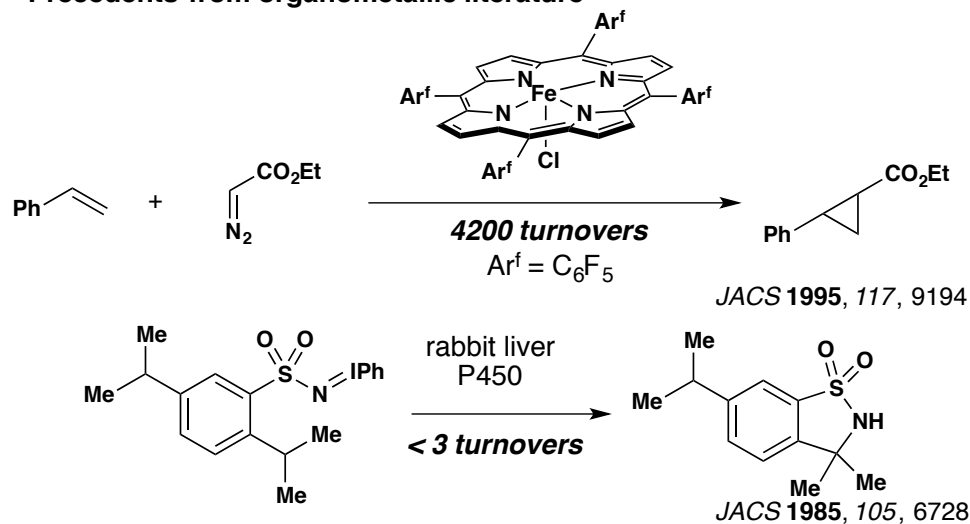
Organometallic
Chemistry

Repurposing hemeproteins for carbene/nitrene transfer (without metal substitution)

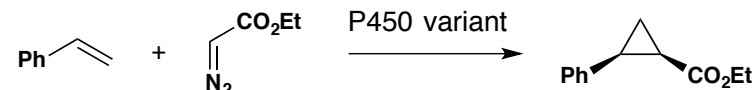


For carbene, X = C, R' = CO₂Et
For nitrene, X = N, R' = SO₂Ar

Precedents from organometallic literature



Enantioselective cyclopropanation

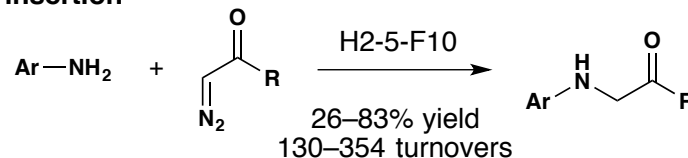


P450_{BM3}-CIS T438S: cis:trans = 92:8
ee_{cis} = 97%
P411_{BM3}-CIS: cis:trans = 90:10
ee_{cis} = 99%

Science **2013**, 339, 307
NCB **2013**, 9, 485

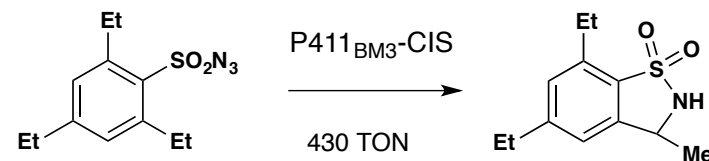
Note: P411_{BM3} = P450_{BM3} with Cys to Ser axial substitution

N-H insertion

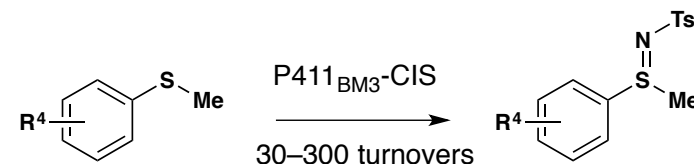


Chem. Sci. **2013**, 5, 598

Enantioselective amination and sulfimidation



ACIE **2013**, 52, 9309



JACS **2014**, 136, 8766

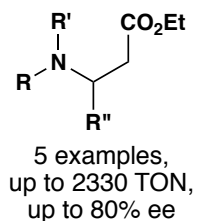
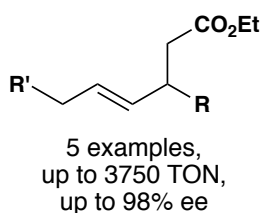
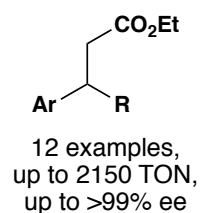
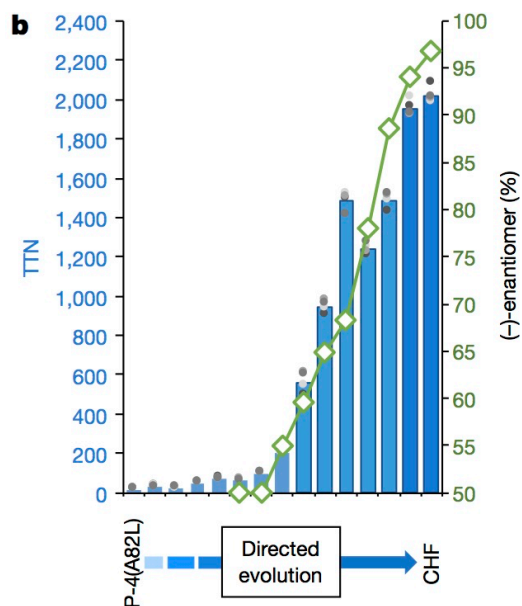
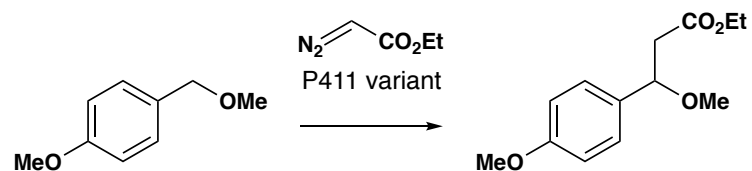
For related studies by Fasan:

ACIE **2015**, 54, 1744; *Chem. Comm.* **2015**, 15, 1532; *Chem. Sci.* **2015**, 6, 2488; *ACIE* **2016**, 55, 16110; *JACS* **2017**, 139, 5293

Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

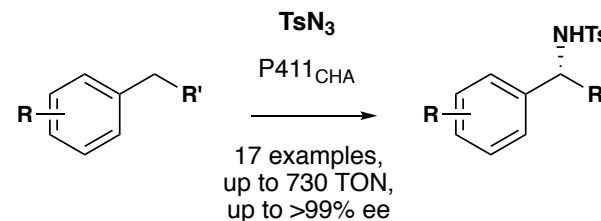
Organometallic
Chemistry

Enantioselective C-H insertion



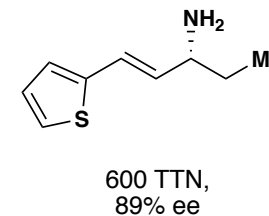
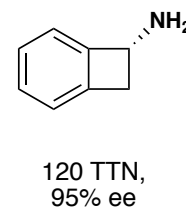
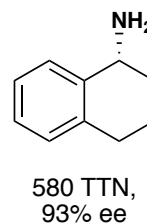
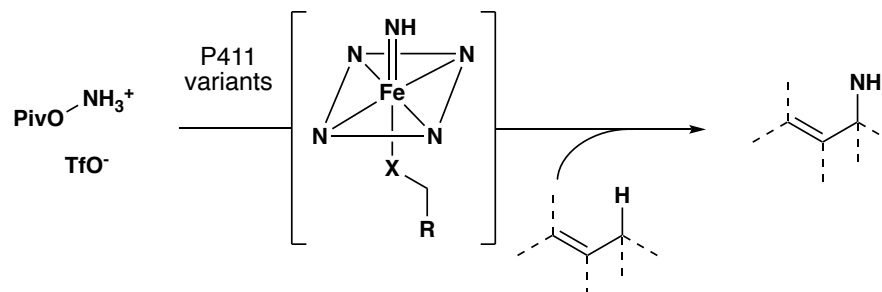
Nature 2019, 565, 67

Enantioselective intermolecular C-H amination



Nature Chem. 2017, 9, 629

Alternative nitrene source

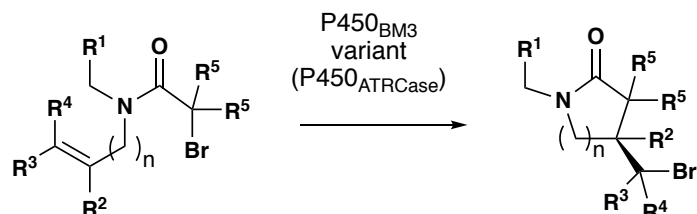


J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2020, 142, 10279

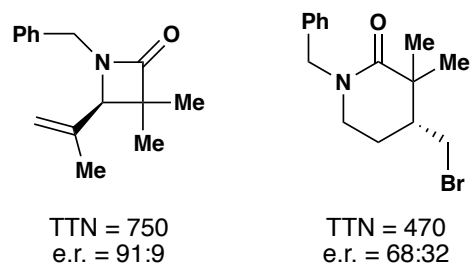
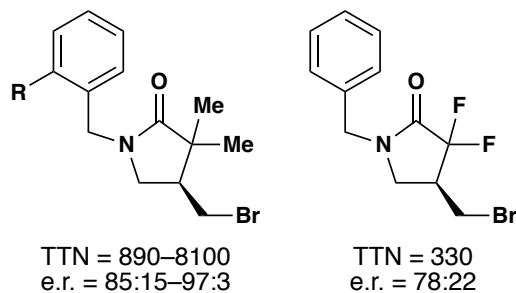
Natural and Artificial Metalloenzymes

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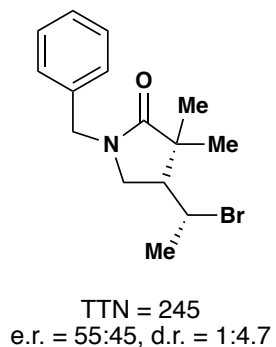
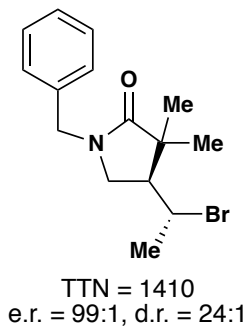
Atom Transfer Radical Cyclization with P450



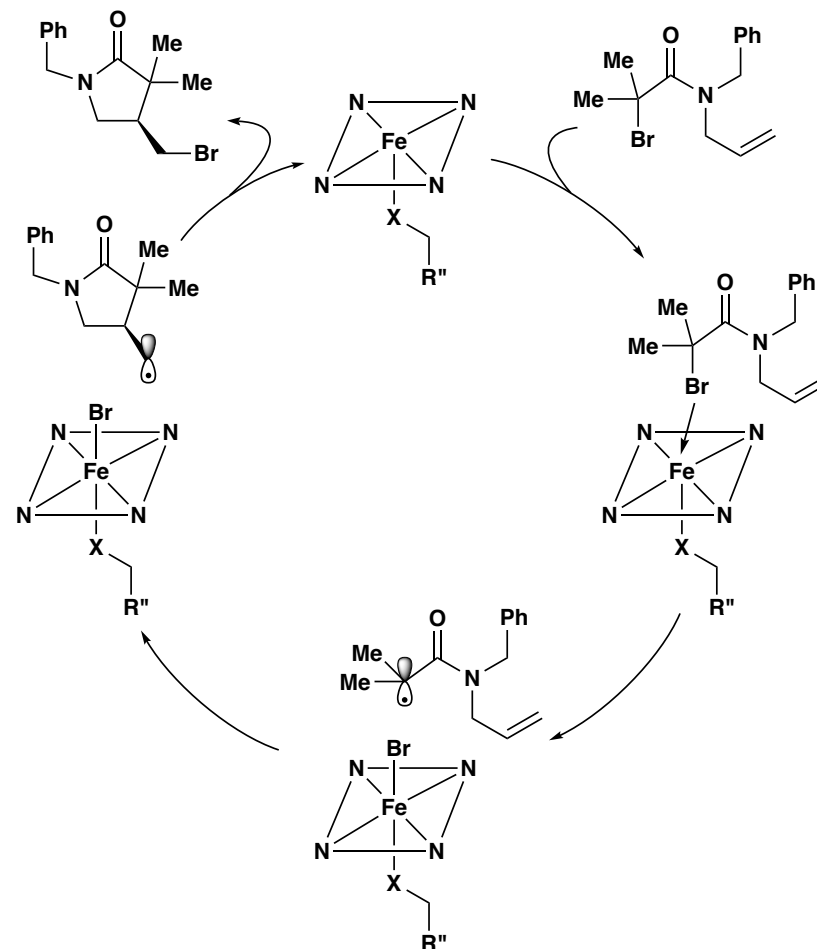
Selected product scope



diastereodivergent cyclization with different ATRCases



Proposed mechanism (supported by DFT)



Science **2021**, 374, 1612

For discussion on the role of hydrogen bonding in the active site in enantiocontrol: *JACS* **2022**, 144, 13344